PORTLAND DAILY PRESS.

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SPECIAL NOTICES.

Cloak Making.

Now is the last time for Ladies or Misses to have Cloaks made to measure or fitted. We shall have time this week, and later in the season, ladies must wait several days. We have also a very large lot of newest style Cloakings, and any one can now have choice made as none are entirely sold out.

RINES BROTHERS.

sep13 d2t

DR. E. B. REED,

Clairvoyant and Botanic Physician

MEDICAL ROOMS

592 CONGRESS ST., PORTLAND, ME.

Dr. Reed treats all chronic diseases that flesh is heir to; all cases that are given up as incurable by the allopathic and homœopathic physicians. I will take their case to treat and cure them. I find about four-fifths of the cases given up to die can be cured. Examination at a distance by letter, with their full name and place of residence and one 3-cent stamp and $2.00. Examination at the office $1, and consultation free.

Office Hours—9 a. m. to 9. p. m. ap16sntf

Mr. Harvey Murray,

announces his Return from Study under the best teachers in Germany

— AND IS —

Prepared to Receive Pupils in

PIANO PLAYING and THEORY

BROWN BLOCK, CONGRESS ST.

sep8 sn1w*

Vegetine THE SOURCE OF HEALTH.

Make the blood pure and you drive sickness away. Nightmare is made to and your mind at ease. In the Summer heat, when your physical powers are exhausted and your mental faculties incapable of effort, Vegetine will give new life to the bloodless invalid and impart vigor and strength to the nervous body and mind. Take it while on your vacation and thus secure health and pleasure. But if you are unable to get a respite from labor, by all means use Vegetine, and you will prevent the danger from Epidemics and Fevers. Vegetine possesses in its combination of roots, barks, and herbs the very elements in which the diseased blood is deficient. It removes the cause of and cures such complaints as Blood Humors and Skin Diseases, and as a tonic in Nervous Debility it has no equal.

DR. SOULE'S PILLS The Best Liver Pills.

Cure Sick Headache, Constipation and Piles. Are Purely Vegetable. Gentle yet thorough in operation. 25 cents; 5 boxes, $1.00. By Druggists and by Mail.

Geo. Pierce & Co., 30 Hanover St., Boston.

nh9 FMW&w1y1stor4thparm

Batchelor's Celebrated Hair Dye.

ESTABLISHED 1831.

Best in the world. Harmless, Reliable! Instantaneous! No disappointment, no ridiculous tints, produces the ill effects of bad dyes; leaves the hair free from poison. Black or Brown. Extra sizes, $1. Sent postpaid in sealed envelopes, on application, upon receipt of price. Sold by all druggists. Applied by experts at

Batchelor's Wig Factory,

20 East 10th St., N.Y. City.

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THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13.

The indications for Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont are local rains followed by slightly cooler weather.

The indications for New England are local rains, slightly westerly winds.

The following telegram has been received at the Signal Office:

WASHINGTON, Sept. 12.

Observer, Portland, Me.:

5.40 P. M.—Hoist cautionary signal. An Area of low barometer now prevails over the Gulf of St. Lawrence, covering the Lake regions and reaching as far west as Minnesota, causing brisk to high westerly winds along the lakes, which will be felt this evening along the Atlantic coast.

[Signed] HAZEN.

LOCAL WEATHER REPORT.

PORTLAND, ME., Sept. 12, 1886.

	7 A.M.	3 P.M.	11 P.M.
Barometer	29.899	29.711	29.602
Thermo'r	63.2	66.7	57.4
Dew Point	53.5	58.1	55.0
Humidity	71.0	74.0	92.0
Wind	S	S	NW
Velocity	13	15	12
Weather	Fair	Threat'n	Rain

Mean daily bar....29.735 | Maximum ther...71.0
Mean daily ther....62.4 | Minimum ther....53.0
Mean daily d'w pt..55.0 | Max. vel. wind...21 S
Mean daily hum.....79.0 | Total precip.....98

METEOROLOGICAL REPORT.

(Sept. 12, 1886, 10.00 P. M.)

Observations taken at the same moment of time at all stations.

Place of Observation.	Barometer. Height of Barom'r.	Exposed.	Change in last 24 hours.	Thermo'r	Direction.	Velocity.	State of the Weather.	Wind
Eastport, Me	29.64	56	-5	S	11	Foggy		
Portland, Me	29.59	61	x1	N	13	Lt Rain		
Boston, Mass	29.64	71	-1	SW	17	H Rain		
New London	29.68	69	x5	W	9	H Rain		
Albany, N. Y	29.76	97	-1	NW	14	Lt Rain		
New York	29.75	64	-7	N	8	Lt Rain		
Philadelphia	29.74	67	-5	W	11	Cloudy		
Washington	29.77	72	-3	NW	8	Cloudy		
Norfolk, Va	29.78	71	-2	W	16	H Rain		
Charleston	29.89	78	x2	SW	8	Fair		
Savannah	29.91	82	x4	SW	8	Fair		
Jacksonville	29.98	82	x4	S	8	Lt Clear		
Atlanta, Ga	29.96	70	-10	W	9	Fair		
Montgomery	30.00	82	x3	SW	12	Cloudy		
Memphis	30.02	63	-1	NW	8	Hazy		
Cincinnati, O	29.98	60	-6	W	11	Clear		
Pittsburg	29.86	58	-2	NW	14	Fair		
Buffalo, N.Y.	29.79	56	-8	W	13	Clear		
Oswego	29.74	53	-3	SW	6	Fair		
Cleveland	29.86	59	-5	SW	12	Cloudy		
Detroit	29.86	54	-15	NW	10	Clear		
Alpena, Mich	29.82	41	-13	W	8	Cloudy		
Marquette	29.92	52	-3	W	15	Cloudy		
Chicago, Ills	29.94	56	-7	SW	6	Clear		
Milwaukee	29.93	50	-10	W	14	Clear		
Duluth, Minn	29.81	40	-2	NW	14	Clear		
St. Paul, Minn	29.84	49	x2	W	14	Cloudy		
St. Louis, Mo	30.01	69	-5	NW	14	Cloudy		
Leavenworth	29.96	67	-5	NW	8	Clear		
Omaha, Neb.	29.98	60	x3	Clm		Clear		
Yankton	29.94	55	x1	SW	14	Clear		
St. Vincent	.....	41	0	NW	14	Clear		
Deadwood	.....							
Bismarck, Da	29.89	50	x2	N	14	F'sr		
Dunseith	29.92	52	x5	E	8	Lt Rain		
North Platte	29.98	61	x3	SE	8	Lt Clear		
Denver	29.90	66	x6	W	8	Clear		

W. W. EICHELBERGER,
Sergeant, Signal Corps, U. S. A.

AND THE LABORING AND LOWER CLASSES; THOSE PEOPLE WHO LABOR FOR THEIR BREAD.—*WILLIAM H. CLIFFORD, AT NORTH BERWICK.*

A DIABOLICAL CRIME.

A Switch Turned and a Train is Wrecked and One Man Killed.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Sept. 12.—A diabolical crime was committed at Westfield Saturday night whereby a brave young engineer met his death, and his engine was badly wrecked. Some unknown scoundrel broke the lock of a switch about a mile northeast of the station on the Westfield and Holyoke branch of the New Haven and Northampton road with an axe and turned the switch on the side track where a number of freight cars were standing. When the New Haven excursion train came over the road from Holyoke about 8.30 this morning it ran on to the switch. George E. Baldwin was killed by the shock, but other trainmen and passengers escaped unhurt. It is not known what the motive was for the crime.

A UNITED STATES SENATOR IS INVOLVED IN THIS ELECTION.

Fire at Brunswick.

BRUNSWICK, Sept. 12.—The farm buildings owned and occupied by M. M. Morse, on the Bath road, were destroyed by fire last night, together with all the contents, including one horse, one cow, 2 hogs and forty-four hens. The cause of the fire is unknown. It was insured for $200.

THE PORTLAND DAILY PRESS,

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$1.50 per square, daily, first week; 75 cents per week after; three insertions or less, $1.00, continuing every other day after first week, 50 cents. One square, three insertions or less, 75 cents; one week, $1.00; 50 cents per week after.

SPECIAL NOTICES, one-third additional.

Under the heads of "AMUSEMENTS" and "AUCTION SALES," $— per square per week; three insertions or less, $—.

THE MAINE STATE PRESS,

Published every THURSDAY MORNING, at $2.50 a year; if paid in advance, $2.00 a year.

Advertisements inserted in the "MAINE STATE PRESS" (which has a large circulation in every part of the State) for $1.00 per square for first insertion, and 50 cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Address all communications to

PORTLAND PUBLISHING CO.

BLAINE AT CAMDEN.

He Discourses Sound Doctrine to a Large and Enthusiastic Audience.

CAMDEN, Sept. 11.—Messrs. Blaine and Gibson addressed, Friday evening, the largest and most enthusiastic audience ever gathered in Megunticook Hall, Camden, hundreds being unable to gain admission. Mr. Blaine made one of his most powerful and telling speeches, demonstrating with the clearest logic that the people should vote for the Republican party, which, on the important questions of the tariff, the fisheries, shipping and temperance had done in the past, and is now doing so much to promote the industries, prosperity and happiness of the State and Nation. All through his speech and at the close he was warmly applauded, some eloquent passages stirring the wildest enthusiasm.

Mr. Gibson of Ohio, in his inimitable way showed up the bad record of the Democratic party in a manner to make every Democrat blush at its absurdities.

The peroration was an eloquent appeal to the young men to ally themselves with the Republican party, great in its achievements in saving the country from the destructive hands of the Democrats, great in financial policy, in its promotion of the prosperity of the laboring classes and its stimulating of manufactures by the protective tariff, and also in its present and future work.

Mr. Blaine thinks the Republican outlook is good. He estimates Bodwell's plurality at 10,000; the Third Party vote slightly larger than last election, and predicts the election of our full delegation in Congress and Legislature by an overwhelming Republican victory.

AN ARGUS TALE.

The Gentlemen Whom the Portland Paper Stigmatizes as Rumsellers.

AUGUSTA, Sept.—The Kennebec Journal of Monday will publish a letter from Chairman Manley, in which Mr. Manley says that the special despatch sent from Augusta to the Portland Argus and Boston Globe, saying that Mr. Manley issued a letter to the rumsellers of Augusta to meet at the Republican headquarters, is an infamous falsehood, as every gentleman who was present on the evening mentioned knows.

The letter was handed to such prominent Republicans as Hon. Charles E. Nash, Orrin Williamson, A. C. Otis, Geo. F. Hawes, Alden Sprague, John L. Stevens, P. C. Doliver, Geo. E. Macomber, Geo. E. Weeks, S. S. Brooks, A. S. Bangs, E. C. Burleigh, J. S. Hobbs, A. G. Andrews, W. H. Bigelow, Ira H. Randall, J. Manchester Haynes and many others of like character and standing in the party.

AND THE LABORING AND LOWER CLASSES; THOSE PEOPLE WHO LABOR FOR THEIR BREAD.—*WILLIAM H. CLIFFORD, AT NORTH BERWICK.*

MAINE.

Death of a Robert H. Gardiner.

GARDINER, Sept. 13.—Robert Hallowell Gardiner, died quite suddenly of heart trouble at his residence in Gardiner, Sunday. The deceased was a son of Sir Robert Hallowell Gardiner, after whom the city of Gardiner was named. He resided on the family estate, "The Oaklands," in that city. He was born November 3, 1809, and was educated at the celebrated Round Hill Academy in Northampton, and afterwards was graduated from Harvard College in the class of 1830. Among his classmates were Charles Sumner and Thomas C Emery. He was by profession a civil engineer and was employed shortly after graduating on a Georgia railroad. He married a Miss Jones of Augusta, Georgia. After an extended travel abroad he settled in Gardiner, devoting his time to the care of his large estate. Mr. Gardiner was deeply interested in pomology. He was many years president of the Maine State Pomological Society. For many years he has made meteorological observations for Signal Service. At the time of his death the deceased was treasurer of the Episcopal Board of Missions for this diocese. He was a prominent Episcopalian and devoted much time and attention to the advancement of that religion.

A Schooner Towed Ashore.

NEWPORT, Sept. 12.—The United States steamer Dispatch, Commander Emery, arrived this evening, having in tow the abandoned schooner Abbie Dunn of Thomaston, Me. She found her yesterday about 35 miles south of Block Island, water logged, foremast gone, part of mainmast standing, but the hull in good order. She was beached at Coddington Cove where she now lies.

Suicide at Belfast.

BELFAST, Sept. 12.—William Berry, clerk of courts, was found dead in his office at noon, having shot himself with a revolver probably in a fit of temporary insanity. His age was about 60 years. He was formerly of Burnham. He leaves a widow and children. He was the Democratic candidate for reelection to-morrow, and a man much respected.

Mr. Blaine at Gardiner.

GARDINER, Sept. 11.—Mr. Blaine spoke here to-night to a large audience in the Collseam. Mr. J. R. Bodwell and Hon. Seth L. Milliken then addressed the meeting.

Political Meeting at Bangor.

BANGOR, Sept. 11.—The Republicans held the largest rally of the campaign at Norombega Hall this evening. Hon. A. C. Hamlin presided. Addresses were made by Hon. Lewis Barker and Hon. C. A. Boutelle. The Democratic rally advertised at City Hall was adjourned without being called to order, owing to a lack of attendance.

News from Bath.

BATH, Sept. 11.—Hon. James W. Wakefield was nominated as a Republican candidate to the Legislature by acclamation tonight.

Nineteen French Canadians from Brunswick have received natualization papers at the present term of the United States District Court now in session here, and two applications were put on file on which papers will be issued in two years.

Death of Maine Seamen from Yellow Fever.

BOSTON, Sept. 12.—Bark Lizzie Carter of Bath, Captain Carter, which arrived from Matanzas, today, with sugar, reports that while lying at Matanzas lost the first officer, Samuel Reed; the second officer, David Livingtone, and two seamen, Thomas W. Reed and Fred Chapman, from yellow fever. They all belonged in Maine.

Safe Blown Open.

WATERVILLE, Sept. 11.—The store of J. W. Bassett of Winslow was entered Friday night and the safe blown open. Mr. Bassett had a large amount of money belonging to the Maine Central Railroad Company in his possession but had placed it elsewhere. The robberts got small booty.

A Steam Mill Burned.

RUMFORD, Sept. 11.—The steam mill owned by L. M. & W. E. Mann, at Milton Plantation, was totally destroyed by fire about midnight, Friday. Loss, $8,000; insurance, $4,000.

WE WIN.

The Yankee Sloop Easily Beats the English Cutter Galatea.

The Boston Boat the Superior Craft in All Kinds of Weather.

Great Rejoicing in New York and in the Modern Athens.

NEW YORK, Sept. 11.—Today's race has decided upon which side of the Atlantic America's cup shall stay for at least another year. It resulted in a glorious victory for the sloop Mayflower. When she finished this evening at 6.1.40 the Galatea was nearly two miles astern. The course was 20 miles to the leeward and return from Scotland Light Ship. The race was sailed in a breeze that blew fresh from the northwest for three hours, then canting to two points to the westward it fell light, the last hour of the contest being little better than a drift. The Mayflower only had 8 minutes 20 seconds to spare when she crossed the finish line, as the time limit of the race was seven hours. The Galatea was defeated on every point of sailing. In the run out to the outer mark with the spinnaker set she was beaten 13 minutes 45 seconds, and in windward work over half an hour. There is great rejoicing among yachtsmen here tonight, while the Bostonians are fairly wild with delight. It was a glorious morning with a clear sky overhead and a splendid sailing breeze from the northwest. When the judge's boat Luckenbach, for the third time left Pier 3, East River, this time half an hour earlier than usual, the committee, Messrs. Chase and Robinson, being anxious to start the yachts early from Sandy Hook. By 8.45 the Luckenbach and Scandinavian had taken the Galatea and Mayflower in tow and were leaving Bay Ridge for the starting point. As they proceeded the breeze freshened and there was every indication of enough wind to furnish a fine day's sport. Off the whistling buoy at 10.15 the Galatea was cast off. Her crew soon made sail while the Mayflower's crew did the same, both setting their club topsails. When the judge's boat ran alongside the Galatea, Lloyds Phoenix representing the New York Club, told the regatta committee that Lient. Henn was very sick in his cabin, and that he wished the course to be made 15 instead of 20 miles so as to be sure and finish within a reasonable time. In case it should fall calm he wished the Luckenbach to tow the cutter back if the race was not completed so that he could see a doctor early. Secretary Robinson said he would consult with Gen. Paym as to the length of the course. That gentleman when seen said he would leave the matter in the hands of the committee. They decided that the course should be southeast 20 miles and steaming back to the Galatea that course was given them. Capt. Bradford in immaculate duck trousers and blue yachting jacket was sailing the cutter. Beaver Webb looked after the sails while Mrs. Henn peeped out of the companion way with an anxious look in her eyes for her husband's condition alarmed her considerably. On board the Mayflower were ex-Commodore Jas. D. Smith, Designer Burgess and Messrs. Richards, Tams and Willard. The ship City of Montreal as she passed in dipped her colors to the two racing crafts. At 10.35 o'clock Messrs. Hyslop and Fox left on board the tug Scandinavian were given the course and were told to start as quickly as possible and log out 20 miles. She started from Scotland Lightship at 11.20 o'clock. The preparation whistle was given 30 minutes later when she was hull down. As the race was to be dead before the wind and the yachts would carry all light sails the committee thought it best to give a tug a good start. The fleet of steam and sailing crafts, nearly as large as that of Thursday, had by this time assembled near the starting point at Scotland Lightship. A score of excursion steamers were black with their human freight of yachting enthusiastists while the score of tugs each had their quota of sloop and cutter partisans.

The breeze was freshening every moment, and as it was the first time the yachts had come together where the first half of the contest was to be sailed to leeward, there was much discussion as to the probable result. When the starting signal was given at 11.20 o'clock, the Mayflower was in an excellent position season to the northward of the imaginary line drawn between Scotland Lightship and Luckenbach, lying a cable's length to the northward of it. Her spinnaker boom was down to port, and within seconds after the signal the great sail blossomed out amid wild cheers from thousands on the Grand Republic. With the main boom broad off to starboard, her spinnaker snowy duck gleaming in the sunlight and foam at her sides, the Boston beauty dashed across the line well in the lead. The cutter was full a quarter of a mile to the westward. When the whistle blew she came along with the wind abeam till she crossed with the lightship close aboard, then squaring away her spinnaker was hoisted out exactly on the line and the third days battle had begun. The official time of the start was, Mayflower, 11.22.40; Galatea, 11.24.10. The cutter was 1.30 astern in the sloop's wake. With a 20 mile run before them there was an excellent opportunity to test their speed. In the steady breeze and with a very little sea to impede their progress, the Galatea made their pace. Only once was never better illustrated than in that 20 mile run. For about 30 minutes the Galatea had her own way with the sloop, but after that she was practically out of the race for the Mayflower was leading her nearly a mile when half the distance to the outer mark was covered. The steamboat captains regarded past warning and kept well away from the contestants. About 12.50 the outer mark hove in sight, and in half an hour the fleet of steamers, numbering 31 in all, had gathered around it to await the coming of the yachts. The wind had fallen light and had canted to a point to the westward. Down came the two like white winged birds before the wind. The Mayflower's balloon jib topsail came in at 1.41-30, Four minutes later in came her spinnaker and at 1.53 she jibed to the port and came for the mark close hauled on the starboard tack, luffing grandly round it a few moments later amid a serenade of steam whistles, the pride of Boston under three lower sails and club top-sail began her windward work. With a lead of nearly a mile against her the Galatea gibed at 1.52-30, having doused her spinnaker three minutes before. The time of rounding the outer mark with elapsed time was:

Name.	Time.	Elapsed time.
Mayflower	1h. 55m. 05s.	2h. 32m. 25s.
Galatea	2h. 10m. 05s.	2h. 47m. 15s.

The sloop had beaten the cutter 13 minutes and 45 seconds. The Galatea made a very pretty picture as she laid down to her scuppers, and began her chase to the windward after the sloop. Both had taken in the wind they wanted to carry topsails in.

Capt. Stone put the Mayflower about at 1.55 and stood to the northward. Beaver Webb was sailing the Galatea. He refused to tack, so at 2.22 Capt. Stone brought the Boston sloop around again. She was then over a mile on the cutter's weather beam. Two minutes before going about the Mayflower took in her club topsail. She carried her working topsail for a hour, when, the wind having lightened considerably, she set her balloon jib topsail and two hours later her baby jib topsail, the Galatea having set hers shortly before. Both yachts went about at 4.20 and stood to the northward. They were off Deal Beach at this time and the wind was growing lighter every moment. The Mayflower was lucky enough to hold the light air under the land, while the Galatea lay almost becalmed for 40 minutes. The cutter tacked at 4.37 and made a short board for inshore, going about again at 4.45. From here the sail up the New Jersey coast was a drift. As the Mayflower slowly approached the finish the excitement became intense among the passengers on the steamers. There was no longer any fear that the Mayflower would be defeated, but the limit of time, seven hours, had almost expired, and there was great fear that after being near the goal the Boston sloop might not be able to finish.

Just as all hope was dying out, the breeze freshened, and with only 8 minutes and 20 seconds to spare the Mayflower shot across the finish line, close hauled on the port tack, just as the sun sank in a crimson blaze behind Sandy Hook. The shouting and whistling and waving of thousands of handkerchiefs lasted fully ten minutes, the crew of the victorious sloop waving and cheering themselves till the yacht was long past the finish. The Galatea finished 30 minutes 18 seconds after the Mayflower, and was towed up by the Luckenbach. As she came to anchor the Mayflower crew gave her three rousing cheers, which the Englishmen answered.

The following shows the record of the race:

MAYFLOWER.

Start.	Finish.	Elapsed Time.	Corr'tⁿ'd Time.
H. M. S.	H. M. S.	H. M. S.	H. M. S.
11.22.40	6.11.40	6.49.00	6.49.00

GALATEA.

Start.	Finish.	Elapsed Time.	Corr'tⁿ'd Time.
H. M. S.	H. M. S.	H. M. S.	H. M. S.
11.24.10	6.42.58	7.18.48	7.18.09

Thus the Galatea is defeated by 29 minutes 48 seconds actual, and 29 minutes 9 seconds corrected time.

Fireworks are displayed tonight on all the yachts at Bay Ridge.

VOTE FOR THE PARTY THAT PROTECTS AMERICAN LABOR.

GENERAL NEWS.

A cyclone passed through the edge of the town of Burnside, Conn., Sunday night. One house was unroofed.

Schooner Moro Castle of Gloucester, Mass., has been seized at Mulgrave, N. S., on a charge of smuggling.

A shoe factory occupied by Myron F. Thomas in Brockton, Mass., was damaged $25,000 to $30,000 by fire last night.

FROM CHARLESTON.

A Gift of $500 to Charleston Associated Press Reporters.

Services Generally Held in the City Churches Yesterday.

CHARLESTON, Sept. 12.—The weather was fine today and many churches had religious services as before the earthquake, while others for convenience or safety met in the open air. All the orphans of the City Orphan House are in the building and had services there.

Captain Dawson, of the News and Courier, today received a letter from Charles R. Williams, assistant general manager of the Associated Press, in which he says: On the 8th inst. Mr Richard Smith of Cincinnati telegraphed me to the following effect:

"I understand that reporters of the News and Courier stood at their posts and furnished Associated Press with full and admirable details, the first sent out. The Associated Press owes these men more than a debt of gratitude." Mr. Smith suggested that I show his dispatch to Mr. Stone, president of the New York Associated Press, and said further that the Western Associated Press would be glad to contribute half of any amount the New York Associated Press might suggest. This dispatch was shown to Mr. Stone. He at once approved of the idea and left the details entirely to my discretion. After further consultation with Mr. Smith over the wire it was decided that a check for $500 should be made out to your order. This check I therefore enclose to you with the request that you distribute the amount in such a manner as you deem best among the reporters who have done work for the Associated Press.

It is a great pleasure to me personally to send this to you, and I trust that it may come to your men as a tangible assurance of the profound appreciation which the Associated Press feels for their faithful and admirable work at a time of so much personal loss and distress.

The gift so appropriately made has been distributed and the News and Courier in acknowledging it tomorrow will say: "It gives us inexpressible pleasure to receive and distribute the handsome gift of the Associated Press, and to add to it our own public testimony to the loyalty, courage and industry of the gentlemen through whose efforts and by whose work the News and Courier has continued to be published day after day, and has been enabled to be a Beacon light to this whole community. It is not improper to mention we are sure that every one connected with the News and Courier has suffered more or less by the Charleston calamity, and this fact will render this gift of the Associated Press all the more acceptable, but under no circumstances the men to whom useses the gift is dedicated, they will esteem even more highly the feeling and conviction which prompted their gift than they will the gift itself."

FOREIGN.

A Grand Celebration of Prince Alexander's Fete Day

Excitement in England Over an Order to Complete Men of War.

Alexander's Fete Day.

LONDON, Sept. 12.—Alexander's fete day was the occasion of great rejoicing at Philippopolis. Festivities were continued throughout the night. Bands of troops headed by bands, paraded through the town and the streets resounded with the cheers of the populace. In the evening a brilliant display of fireworks was made. An Varna, prayers for Alexander were offered in the churches. The Te Deum was sung at the Russian consulate in honor of the Czar. Only 15 persons were present. Troops were stationed around the consulate to prevent disorder. At Sofia six Roumelian regiments were presented with new colors. The colors bore at the top the Bulgarian Lion, on the border the motto "Unit and Strength" and the corners, Alexander's monogram. After the presentation of colors the troops were reviewed. They made a splendid appearance. The Journal of St. Petersburg says: "It is a great mistake has been committed if either the celebration of Alexander's and the Czar's fete days contained an arriere pensee or if the presentation of colors to Roumelian regiments was intended to flatter Alexander. Russia, it says, will indicate her position precisely to Sobranje at the decisive moment.

Excitement in England

Great excitement has been caused at Chatham by the unexpected receipt of the order to discharge workmen at the dockyards, in the interest of economy. Yet during the whole course of the war in Egypt, the loyalty to expedite the completion of the men-of-war. Relays of workmen are to be employed day and night if necessary. This activity is regarded as the outcome of the Egyptian complications. The Morning Post's Berlin correspondent says that Austria has formally notified Germany that Austria will oppose any attempt by Russia to encroach upon the liberties of the Balkans. A messenger has started for Strasbourg with important despatches for Emperor William. The Austrian newspapers while deploring the bitter prospect of war, agree that it must be cheerfully resorted to if it will prevent greater calamities in the future.

A Farmer Shot.

DUBLIN, Sept. 12.—James Greene was shot dead near Ennis last night. He had taken a farm from a man whose land had been evicted. Gen. Buller is inquiring into the case. No arrests have been made.

LOOK OUT FOR SPLIT TICKETS.

The State Fair.

The Lewiston Journal says: In the history of all State Fairs we have never seen such activity in all departments as is manifested this year. This is a plain statement of the fact. There seems twice the customary interest and even now the people are coming here. Right here it might be well to mention what Israel Mitchell, superintendent of the entertainment bureau said Friday afternoon: "I have rooms enough on my books to accommodate four times as many people as ever applied to me. Our rooms are in private residences, only the best of whom we solicit. People whom I accommodate get as good beds as you or I have or as they have at home. Some of the leading citizens have made proffers of rooms solely as accommodation and not for the money. There will be accommodation for everybody." A great many additional rooms have been built in the lodging house beneath the grand stand.

Hon. S. E. Nye of Fairfield will show his wonderful trotting mare, Maud R. It is expected that she will trot in 2.20.

C. H. Nelson's four year old filly, "Aubine," is expected to show the fastest mile ever trotted by a four year old in New England. She is very fast.

E. J. Lawrence of Fairfield, will start his four year old colt "Lawrence" for the stallion cup. As he has already shown 2.28½ he should come close to "Aubine's" time.

Nelson's four-year-old stallion, Dictator Chief, will also for the stallion cup. He has a record of 2.24½ and beat Lawrence in three straight heats at Bangor.

C. P. Drake's stallion "Glenarm" will also start for the stallion cup. He has already trotted in 2.23¾ over the Lewiston tracks and should be even faster State Fair week.

There are seven entries for the three-year-old stallion cup and the time made by "Harbell" last season 2.45¼ is likely to be beaten.

A trotting match from Bingham will be driven on the track each day during the fair. He will surprise some of the horse breeders and will make confusion among the fast records. Moose breeding will be fashionable.

AND THE LABORING AND LOWER CLASSES; THOSE PEOPLE WHO LABOR FOR THEIR BREAD.—*WILLIAM H. CLIFFORD, AT NORTH BERWICK*

Hoof Prints.

And still they come. Favorite, another of the get of George Wilkes, entered the 2.30 list at the Chicago breeders' meeting, getting a record of 2.25¼.

The managers of the Maine State Fair, which will open at Lewiston, on the 14th inst., offer $3,650 in purses for trotting and running races.

W. J. Wheeler and D. N. True of Boston, recently purchased in Pittsfield, three promising colts and a brood mare, who is a dam of two of the colts. The mare was by Von Moltke, the sire of Boston Girl, record 2.21¼; Flora, 2.25½; Canard, 2.30¼; dam sired by Hiram Drew, record 2.31½; and has a colt at foot sired by Hiram Drew, record of Almont.

The famous pacer Richball, with a record of 2.12½, was sold last week at the Albany Driving Park for the sum of $1,375 only. He is ten years old.

The 21 race at Hartford, which was a very lively fight between Nobby and Charles Hilton, was a record breaker for both of them, Nobby lowering his record from 2.14½ to 2.13¾, and Hilton his from 2.20½ to 2.17¼. Hilton, how ever, took away about a thousand dollars to console him for getting into a class in the future in which he may be able to keep up with the procession—and may not.

THE CLOSING RALLY.

Large and Enthusiastic Republican Meeting at City Hall.

A Splendid Speech by the Hon. Thomas B. Reed.

It was a magnificent audience that assembled at City Hall on Saturday evening to participate in the last grand Republican rally of the campaign. Chandler's Band was in attendance, and from half past seven till eight o'clock, favored the audience with some of its choicest selections. By eight o'clock, the hour appointed for the speaking, the hall was full; every seat was taken, and in the rear and in the corridors hundreds were standing. There were very many ladies in the galleries, and upon the floor also, whose presence added brilliancy to the scene.

A few moments past eight the speaker of the evening. Hon. Thomas B. Reed, accompanied by Hon. Henry B. Cleaves and many other prominent Republicans of the city, entered and took seats upon the platform amid prolonged applause. Among the prominent gentlemen present upon the stage were: Hon. Charles J. Chapman, Hon. George W. Woodman, A. H. Davis, Charles D. Brown, William R. Wood, Augustus F. Gerrish, B. F. Whitney, B. C. Somerby, George C. Burgess and many others.

After the applause had subsided, H. G. Briggs, Esq., chairman of the Republican City Committee, called the meeting to order, and presented as president of the evening, Hon. Henry B. Cleaves.

Mr. Cleaves, after thanking the audience for the honor of being called upon to preside over the meeting and speaking of the strength of the county and representative ticket, said that if there be any one section of our State that is interested more than another in a wise administration of the government, in a faithful execution of the laws, in a sound currency and wise protective tariff, in the encouragement and advancement of American commerce, in the protection of American shipping and the fishing interests, in legislation that shall dignify American labor and advance the interests of the laboring masses and secure to them just compensation, it is the city of Portland and the First Congressional District of Maine. And on Monday next our fellow citizens are to determine by ballot whether we will return to the halls of Congress our distinguished Representative, who upon all occasions can speak for our interests, and who has never been found wanting in the defending of our great industries that serve to increase the growth of this district and give employment to the laboring masses. It is a practical question, which affects our business interests and not merely a political issue. It is a question that affects the laboring people, the men whose diligent hands contribute to the growth and prosperity of this district. To the protection of those great industries which build up and advance our city and which give employment to labor, the Republican party and its candidate are strongly committed.

The Democratic party has had no policy in this campaign except that which they believe will secure to them the most votes. But the Democratic candidate says he is to be elected. If he had given us his judgment upon some proposition of law, upon the validity of some telephone patent in which the present Democratic administration is interested, the opinion would have been entitled to great consideration. The rank and file of the Democratic party have already taken to the woods (Deering's Oaks), and on Monday night as you light your camp fires on the open fields of victory, they will be wandering in the wilderness of defeat. We are referred to the Democratic administration as a reform administration, a consistent administration. A reform administration, indeed, said he, devoting days and weeks of its time in seeking some method of spending a dollar by which it can defeat the mere pittance of $8 per month that the Congress of the United States has declared by solemn act belonged to a poor, crippled and disabled soldier, and at the same time instituting legal proceedings and carrying on a law suit at the expense of the government that shall enhance and place a value upon certain worthless stocks in which prominent members of that political household are interested. The party is posing in this State as the friend of the laborer and the soldier. Yet during the whole course of the organization no legislation has ever been accomplished by them alone, for the advancement of the interests of the laboring people. The party policy prevents the benefit of the people. The administration at Washington, by veto after veto, has refused to acknowledge or recognize any debt of gratitude as a debt due the valor and courage of the American soldier, and many of them are thereby deprived of the aid which a generous and grateful people intended should be theirs.

Mr. Cleaves spoke further of the importance of electing Mr. Reed, and predicted a sweeping victory on election day. His remarks were frequently interrupted by applause. He then introduced as the next member of Congress from the First District the Hon. Thomas B. Reed.

As Mr. Reed rose to speak he was greeted with long continued cheering, and it was some minutes before the tumult ceased. Mr. Reed then spoke as follows:

MR. REED'S SPEECH.

Mr. Chairman, Fellow Citizens, Ladies and Gentlemen:

I cannot thank you too heartily for your presence here tonight, and for the cordial welcome which you have given me. I wish that it was within my power to speak to you in a manner worthy of your greeting, but I do not expect tonight to be able to come up to that measure of success.

A speaker of today labors under certain disadvantages. The men and women of my generation have witnessed the greatest events in the history of the world, for they have lived through the greatest events of the greatest nation and the people of Maine, especially, have heard discussed by the ablest men the great principles which underlie our free institutions, the great principles upon which were based the emancipation and the enfranchisement of a race. They have had those great principles illustrated by the noble deeds of men who are in the midst of us today. Those men had great times, and great occasions. It was easy for them to stir your blood and to evoke your applause. Mine is a much humbler task. I have to deal with the events of today, with matters which have transpired recently, for I propose to-night carefully to abstain from any allusions to ancient history. (Applause.) I do not intend to give myself the gratification of pointing with pride to the record of the Republican party. I still believe that character is something to be considered in the consideration of what a man will do tomorrow depends upon our knowledge of what he did yesterday. But I freely admit that unless a man is as good today as he was yesterday, we can have no more hope for him tomorrow. (Laughter and applause.) I should also pain some of my Democratic brethren who do me the honor to listen, if I should refer to matters which are past, except those which have occurred during the last eighteen months. I intend to confine myself to the history of that time, and it ought to please the Democratic party because they have made it. (Laughter.) There were men, who, after their long sojourn in the wilderness, supposed that when they reached the promised land they would see it visibly flowing with milk and honey and rich with the ripest of grapes. I do not propose to harrow up their feeling by referring to that branch of the subject. (Laughter.) I only propose to say that if they have not found their hopes equal to their expectations, they are not the first citizens of the world who have been thus disappointed. To make a comparison between what they said before election, and what they have done since election, is something to which I invite your attention tonight.

You will remember that one of the chief burdens of discourse of our Democratic friends at any time within the last ten years has been that this country was infested with office holders; that a hundred thousand office holders were fattening upon the public treasury, and that if a Democratic administration came into power, we should have the number reduced, and the people relieved of enormous burdens. We have had a Democratic House and a Democratic administration for a period of 18 months. Is there in this country today an office holder less? It is worse than a fable; there are more office holders. (Laughter.) Now, I do not ask you to take my testimony. I have testimony which is better. It is that of a Democrat from Indiana, and how much stronger the democracy of a Democrat from Indiana is than that of a Democrat from Maine, language fails to describe. (Laughter and applause.)

On the second day of August, Mr. William Steele Holman, of Indiana, whose name is somewhat known in this country, made a statement which no Democrat upon the floor of the House attempted to refute. You will find it on page 8376 of the Record, I read, "But, Mr. Speaker, I rise for another purpose. I hope the House will not consent to go any further into this session.—House Democratic by forty majority—"in increasing the number of public employes." That is emphasis for office holders. "Gentlemen will be ast

THE PRESS.

MONDAY MORNING, SEPT. 13.

FOR GOVERNOR,
JOSEPH R. BODWELL,
OF HALLOWELL.

For Representatives to Congress:

First District—THOMAS B. REED, of Portland.
Second District—NELSON DINGLEY, JR., of Lewiston.
Third District—SETH L. MILLIKEN, of Belfast.
Fourth District—CHARLES A. BOUTELLE, of Bangor.

County Nominations.

Senators—GEORGE P. WESCOTT, DAVID H. COLE, JOSEPH DUNNELL, JOHN C. KENDALL.
County Attorney—GEORGE M. SEIDERS.
Sheriff—ISAIAH S. WEBB.
Clerk of Courts—BENJAMIN C. STONE.
County Treasurer—JAMES M. WEBB.
Register of Deeds—STORER S. KNIGHT.
County Commissioners—JOSEPH B. HAMMOND, JAMES H. TOLMAN.

Vote early.

Vote the whole ticket.

Examine your ticket carefully before voting.

Vote yourself and see that your neighbor votes.

Remember that the next Legislature elects a United States Senator.

Don't neglect to vote because you think there will be enough without you.

A vote for Reed is a vote to send back to Congress a man who has honored his district and honored his State.

Clifford's prediction of his own election is only a piece of buncombe. He talked in the same way in 1872 when he was defeated by 2000 majority.

A vote for Sawyer for sheriff is a vote to endorse a man who when holding the same office a few years ago proved false to his duty.

How can any self-respecting laboring man vote for William H. Clifford, the man who stigmatized him as a member of the lower classes?

All sorts of roorbachs in the Argus this morning. Attacks made upon candidates the morning of election are certain to be slanders.

Hon. William M. Rust, editor of the Belfast Age, the Waldo organ of the Democracy, in a despatch to the Boston Herald predicts the election of Mr. Bodwell by 10,000 majority.

The greatest disgrace that can befall a people is the disgrace of corrupt government. The people of Maine will see to it to-day that none of the men who six years ago used their offices to defeat the will of the people, are permitted to return to power. Several of them are trying it. Look out.

The prohibitory law has brought great comfort and prosperity to the people of Maine. Look out today that the men who declared their hostility to it at Bangor last summer do not get encouragement at the polls. If you have been inclined favorably towards the Third Party think well on the probable effects of your ballot before you throw it.

In years to come the people of Maine will deplore that they cannot blot from history the record of the affair that disgraced the administration of Alonzo Garcelon. How much more humiliating would it be if the same history should record that six years later one of the supporters of that crime was elevated to the Chief Magistrate's chair. But the voters of Maine will see to it today that history does not record any such thing.

THE REPRESENTATIVE TICKET.

The Representative ticket, which is always of importance, is of double importance this year because the next Legislature will elect a United States Senator. The Republican Convention selected a ticket which is worthy of the unanimous support of the Republicans of Portland, not only because it is made up of true and earnest Republicans, who have been constant to the interests of the party, but also because it is composed of men who are thoroughly identified with the material interests and prosperity of the city and are fully competent to protect and advance them in the Legislature. The interests of the party and the interests of the city will be safe in their hands.

Every Republican vote should be thrown today for Fred N. Dow, Horace H. Shaw, James F. Hawkes, John H. Fogg and William H. Looney.

A WORD WITH MR. CLIFFORD.

The Hon. William Henry Clifford is reported to have said at Bridgton, Friday evening, that the "lying Republican newspapers had misreported his North Berwick speech." The PRESS is solely responsible for the report of that speech. Mr. Clifford had a fine opportunity the other night at City Hall to accuse the PRESS of lying and point out wherein its falsehood consisted. A large part of his audience was in political sympathy with him and any explanation of his language at North Berwick, even had it been a pretty absurd one, would have been greedily swallowed. But he made none. His organ, the Eastern Argus, would have been most happy any time during the past week to have accused the PRESS of misquoting Mr. Clifford. It has not done so, however. On the contrary it has practically admitted that the PRESS quoted him correctly. Mr. Clifford's speech was reported by a competent stenographer of long experience, who had no motive under the sun to misrepresent him. The language attributed to him by the PRESS was the exact language Mr. Clifford used at North Berwick. If it were not Mr. Clifford could easily point out wherein it differed. He has not done this, and the PRESS defies him to do it. We don't blame him a bit for trying to wriggle out of it. We don't wonder he is angry. But he should be angry with himself and not the PRESS. The PRESS has simply quoted his language. If that language shows that he has been performing as a demagogue it is the fault of the man who used it and not the paper that reported it. The PRESS's advice to Mr. Clifford is to hereafter appear in his true character; he will not then make himself the laughing stock of everybody who knows him as he has been doing for the last few weeks by posing as a laboring man.

THE DUTY OF THE HOUR.

The campaign is ended and all that remains to be done is to record the will of the people at the polls. The right to vote is something more than a privilege of which the citizen may avail himself if he chooses, it is a duty incumbent upon him as a citizen. Our government is founded upon the theory that every citizen will feel sufficient interest to prompt him to study the issues involved in every election and examine the character and capacity of the men put in nomination and vote in the way that seems to him most likely to promote the general good. Whenever any considerable number of the people from indifference or other cause fail to exercise the right of suffrage, then there is not that full expression of opinion which our governmental theory contemplates. A republic in which any considerable number of citizens habitually refuse to vote is a republic only in name. Loyalty to our form of government if nothing else requires from every citizen at every election one vote. Every man who can possibly get to the polls today should do so, and record his opinion in regard to the issues involved, and his choice of the men in nomination.

There are three tickets in the field at this election for the voter to select from—the Republican, Democratic and Third Party Prohibition. The issues which they represent and the men which compose them have been frequently discussed, and no additional light can be thrown upon them at this time. Either the Republicans or Democrats will carry the election and control affairs of the State for the next two years to come. This result is a foregone conclusion. A vote for the Third Party candidates is therefore in effect a vote for one or the other of the great parties. It can have no other practical result. Republicans who are meditating voting that ticket should bear in mind that the only possible effect of such a vote is to assist the Democracy, who are avowed enemies of prohibition. As between the candidates of the leading parties there ought to be no trouble in choosing. Grant that all of them are personally unobjectionable, there still remains abundant reason for preferring the Republican candidates. They represent a party that has governed the State for many years and governed it well. The Democratic party in the one recent year in which they were entrusted with power brought it to the verge of anarchy by a conspiracy against the rights of the people the like of which has seldom been seen in this country. They have never repented of that conspiracy and today the men who were prominent in it are leaders of the Democratic party. The Republican candidates stand for the principle of the protection of American labor; the Democracy are in favor of free trade as illustrated by the Morrison bill which assaulted almost all the leading industies of this State. The Republicans are committed to the doctrine of prohibition of the rum tarffic; the Democrats have deliberately resolved against this method. The Republicans, we believe, are on the right side of all the issues before the people in this election. A vote for their candidates is a vote for good government, for the protection of American labor and for the suppression of the rum traffic. A vote for the Democratic candidates is a vote to entrust a party with power that but a few years ago abused it shamefully; it is a vote to surrender our markets to foreigners who contribute nothing to the support of this government and it is a vote to recognize and legitimize the saloon.

WHAT DO YOU WANT?

Do you want a good State government? Vote for the party that has never failed, for more than a quarter of a century to give you such when in power.

Do you want a respectable State government? Then do not vote with the men who backed Garcelon, Brown and Blood in 1880 and are to backing them today.

Do you want an honest State government? Vote for the man who has built up and managed a great industry with such honesty that there is not a whisper against his integrity.

Do you have pride in the good name of your State? Then do not vote for the man who would have pulled the State House down over the heads of a lawful Legislature.

Do you want an able and dignified Legislature at Augusta? Then don't vote to help the party that disgraced the State with the rump Legislature of 1880.

Do you want Maine to keep her influence in the Senate of the United States? Then vote to elect a Republican Legislature.

Do you want your State influential in the council of the nation? Then send back to Washington the Republican leader of the House.

Do you want your interests looked after at the National Capital? Then send back the man who has shown that he can do it by more than a decade of faithful service.

Or do you want your fisheries, your cooperage and all your other industries put at the mercy of the free trade Democracy of the West? Then send William H. Clifford by all means.

Do you want your labor protected and your happy home left secure? Then vote for the man who for more than ten years has championed on the floor of Congress the policy of protecting the products of your labor against the products of the cheap laborers of Europe.

Or do you want your employment rendered uncertain, your industry made unremunerative, and the industrial system on which you have thriven disorganized? If you do, vote for William H. Clifford, for he and his party are pledged to the policy that will do these very things.

Do you want the First District of Maine to retain its old reputation? Then don't vote to send an inexperienced politician to Congress in place of the famous statesman who now represents you.

Do you want to merit the applause of every friend of right government in the nation? Then vote for Thomas B. Reed today.

Are you a laboring man? Then do not vote for the candidate who holds that your honest toil makes of you and your associates a lower class; who speaks of labor as it is spoken of only in lands of slaves or serfs.

Are you a veteran? Then will you vote for the man who called your famous organization a "set of bummers?"

Are you a friend of prohibition? Then don't throw a vote to help into power the party that declared at Bangor last summer its unqualified opposition to the prohibitory law, stigmatizing it as an act that vexes the citizen and interferes with individual liberty.

Do you want the curse of rum banished? Then do not vote to defeat the party under whose rule Maine has gone twenty-five years ahead of the license States, according to the testimony of Neal Dow himself.

Do you want the law enforced in Cumberland county? Then do not vote to put into the high office of Sheriff the man whose record shows that in 1882 he unblushingly trafficked with the rumsellers.

Are you a Republican? Then vote the ticket, the whole ticket; vote early and see that your neighbor does the same.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

History of the Sixteenth Maine Regiment. By Major Abner R. Small. $1.50. (For sale by Luther Bradford, Woodford's Maine.) The Sixteenth was recruited in the summer of 1862 in answer to the call for one regiment. Its make-up was peculiar, the men coming from every county, and from almost every large town in the State. Later in the war the ranks were filled with a very large number of conscripts and substitutes. Some of the best and some of the worst elements of our State went into the Sixteenth, but the worthless were sifted out in time, and the regiment won a good name by hard work and became an honor to our State.

Ill luck attended every move at first; recruits came in slowly; they reached Washington just in time to mingle with the demoralized odds and ends of McClellan's and Pope's armies, and after "shoveling dirt," when they had better been drilling they were brigaded with old troops and sent into Maryland. They took no part, however, in the battle of Antietam, to which place they were ordered after the battle was over—for such was the strategy in those day.

Trouble and misery increased; the big Sibley tents of the men could not be transported; shelters to take their place could not be drawn, and the men were compelled to lie down at night in only their summer clothes under such poor shelter as they could get from rails, cornstalks, &c. Seven weeks of this wretched existence in the autumn of 1862 sent a third of their number to the hospital or grave. The old troops also insulted and abused them for being green and sickly, and thus made their life disagreeable and dreary enough. In time clothing and tents were drawn and the army moved on to Fredericksburg, and were led to that memorable slaughter, where the sixteenth fought only too well and suffered the heavy loss of 54 per cent. in killed and wounded. Fearful and useless as was this battle the Sixteenth reaped the important gain of respect from the old troops who witnessed, but could not excel their bravery.

The regiment was not called into close action at Chancellorsville in the spring following; but in the retreat from Virginia and in the Gettysburg campaign they took a lively part. Having been transferred to Reynold's Corps they were in the first days fight, July 1, 1863, and were once more overpowered and slaughtered. Nearly all present were killed, wounded or captured; the flag was torn up and the staff broken, and their surrender thus evaded. The few who were left unharmed took part in the great victory two days later.

Maj. Small's narrative of this battle is interesting and pathetic, but in his desire to be brief he has unfortunately omitted to give in detail the experiences of the prisons, and particularly of Col. Tilden's remarkable escape from Libby Prison.

Under Grant in the Wilderness campaign, the seige of Petersburg and the surrender of Lee the Sixteenth did its full share of fighting, marching, digging and swearing. In the attack on the Weldon Railroad, August, '64, the regiment was again nearly wiped out by wounds and capture. Col. Tilden once more made his escape after only a few days' stay in rebeldom.

After Lee's surrender the regiment tramped to Washington, marched in the grand review and was mustered out, having had three years of as disagreeable and unlucky service as fell to the lot of any of our old Maine organizations.

It is hardly fair to make any adverse criticism of an author so modest as Maj. Small. He laments that his comrades would not answer his letters or assist him in history writing. Such are the ways of soldiers. The history of many a regiment is still unwritten for this very cause. Major Small and all who have helped him deserve well for their perseverance in an almost thankless task.

The statistical tables are full of valuable matters especially interesting to members and friends of the regiment.

MAGAZINE NOTICES.

Harper's Magazine for September is a strong number, richly and attractively illustrated. The reader will naturally turn first to Mr. Charles Dudley Warner's delightful serial, Their Pilgrimage, the scenes of which for this monthly part are at Long Branch, Ocean Grove, Saratoga, and Lake George. The article on Working-men in the British Parliament, by Mr. Edward Brown, is a striking revelation of the force wielded in England by the Trades-unions. Mr. Lewis F. Allen's article in this Number on Short Horned Cattle is exceedingly interesting and beautifully illustrated. Thomas Wentworth Higginson contributes an entertaining chapter of American maritime history in his article on Old Salem Sea Captains, which is very effectively illustrated. Theodore Child contributes a curiously interesting description of the manufacture of artistic bronze in Paris, as carried on under the leadership of Barbedienne. This Number contains the sixth part of Mr. Blackmore's new and exciting novel, Springhaven, illustrated by Alfred Parsons and Frederick Barnard. Mr. Alfred Parsons also contributes another of his beautiful illustrations of Wordsworth's sonnets, choosing for his subject, Places of Worship. Harold Frederick's short story, Brother Angelan, has strong dramatic interest, and is timely in connection with the ravages of cholera on the European Continent. Another excellent short story, The end of a Love-match, is contributed by Miss Julia D. Whiting. Dr. Richard T. Ely finishes in this Number his articles of the railway problem with a consideration of The Reform of Railway Abuses. The seventh part of Mr. E. P. Roe's interesting and practical papers on The Home Acre treats of the culture of the strawberry. Rear-admiral Edward Simpson, U. S. N., contributes an important paper on the United States Docks and Navy-yards," and Richard A. Proctor advances in his article, entitled The Central Engine of the Solar System, some very interesting suggestions respecting the constitution of the sun's globe.

From the frontispiece which is a reproduction of Landseer's celebrated portrait of himself and his two dogs, the Connoisseurs, to the Riddle box with its ingenious puzzles, St. Nicholas for September is crowded with bright and interesting matter for girls and boys and all who love them. A paper on English Art and Artists, by Clara Erskine Clement, opens the number and closes the series which has been the means of introducing so many beautiful pictures and entertaining anecdotes to the readers of the magazine. Little Lord Fauntleroy is carried forward in two chapters. The other serials, too, increase in interest as they near their conclusions. In this installment of Horace E. Scudder's serial George Washington once more retires to private life; and Henry Eckford explains some curious relations between letters and numbers in Wonders of the Alphabet. The Brownies with their usual enterprise, take up the game of lawn-tennis, and Susan Ann Brown describes a clever Italian game for enterprising young Americans. Among the other contents especially noteworthy are the Work and Play paper on Venetian Marquetry, by Charles Godfrey Leland; a true account by Edward Eggleston of how one boy saved three lives on Lake George; and a story by Annie A. Preston, called A Matter-of-fact Cinderella, which is good enough to be true, if it isn't.

An important article on The Extension of University Education, from an interview with Prof. Stuart, appears in the September number of Cassell's Family Magazine. Student Life at Heidelberg is a pleasant supplement to the University article, and in it Kingsley Spencer ventures the assertion that the English system of university education is superior to the German in almost every respect. Stirring Scenes in Stirring Times deals with Christopher Columbus. J. T. G. gives an entertaining account of Some Galeties and Gravities of Parliament. There are descriptive articles on The Pleasures of Mountaineering, by W. T. Mainprise, and The Glens of the Ochils, by J. A. M., with charming illustrations, recommending that tourists for the Scottish Highland break their journey at Stirling for a day or two. A Freak of Nature is a capital short story, and the serials advance in due time. The poetry is good.

Godey's Lady's Book for September is a particularly handsome number. The fashions in colors and black show all the latest novelties for early autumn. A serial entitled A Wave o' the Sea, from the pen of the popular and favorite author, Miss Marian Reeves, is commenced in this number and promises to be unusually attractive. Emily Lennox contributes a bright little story called Jacot. The Coronet of Thorns, by J. V. Pritchard, is completed. Several good poems adorn the number among which is A September Sunrise, by George Birdseye. The Marriage of Cœur de Lion, by Mary Green Young. When Last I Saw You, by Minnie MacArthur and others.

The illustrations in the September number of the Magazine of Art would make a beautiful little album by themselves. The number opens with a suggestive paper on Art in Australia, by R. A. Stevenson, which is practically an essay on all colonial art. W. J. Henderson writes of Some New York Theatres, giving descriptions. Current Art describes a large number of recent pictures and the methods of many prominent artists. Quentin Motsy is the hero of the present article on the Romance of Art, by Annie E. Evans. Francis Watt's descriptive article on The Rapid Spey gives a romantic account of the storied castles, mountains and lochs of that lovely region, while Claude Phillips describes The Picture Gallery at Dorchester House, which he thinks deserves to be known much better than it is.

Liszt's last illness was announced after the September Century had gone to press; it is due to accident, therefore, rather than to purpose, that the two full-page portraits of the musician, and the intimate account by his American pupil, Albert Morris Bagby, of A Summer with Liszt in Weimar, should appear in the Century so soon after his death. Alfred E. Moore describes in a humorous vein his sensations and mishaps in midair, under the title, Amateur Ballooning. His companion, John G. Doughty, recounts The Balloon Experiences of a Timid Photographer. Two illustrated articles of artistic and scientific interest are the late Minister to Persia, S. G. W. Benjamin's paper called, A Glance at the Arts of Persia, and Mrs. Emily Nunn Whitman's account of The Zoological Station at Naples. The charm of an essay and the instructive observations of a student of familiar nature are mingled in John Burroughs's Notes from the Prairie. In the eighth part of The Minister's Charge, Mr. Howells partly satisfies the great curiosity of his readers to see the way Lemuel Barker's love affairs are going. Frank R. Stockton develops a new situation and additional drollness out of The Casting Away of Mrs. Lecks and Mrs. Aleshine; and Miss Kate Foote contributes an absorbing short story called A Pistol Shot." In the War Series a fertile subject lending itself to rich illustration is introduced by Gen. Alfred Pleasanton's Successes and Failures of Chancellorsville. In the Memoranda on the Civil War, Gen. R. E. Colston offer a new letter showing that he had divined Hooker's plans; Gen. Thomas M. Anderson explains anecdotally Why The Reserve at Antietam was not hurled against Lee's exhausted lines; Capt. Joel B. Erhardt quotes from a wartime letter by Gen. William F. Smith as revealing Gen. Grant's reasons for relieving the latter. Mr. Whittier replies to a statement of Col. Henry Kyd Douglas with respect to his poem on Barbara Frietchie.

The Atlantic for September has just enough of the various kinds of literature to make it attractive to every one. One of the first things the reader will turn to is a story by Rebecca Harding Davis, entitled Mademoiselle Jean, a pretty sketch of Canadian life, Mr. Bradford Torrey, the author of Birds in the Bush, has a paper on the Confessions of a Birds'-Nest Hunter, written in his usual genial manner. Besides these articles these is a clever study The Saloon in Politics, which shows what a factor the saloon is in our political questions, written by George Frederic Parsons. Mr. Frank Gaylord Cook contributes a paper on The Law's Partiality to Married Women. Those more literary in their tastes will be attracted by Philip Gilbert Hamerton's second paper, in his series French and English; and still more will they be interested in Thomas Wentworth Higginson's estimate of the late E. P. Whipple, and in the able reviews of Schuyler's American Diplomacy and the second volume of Grant's Memoirs. For the student of history Mr. Fiske's article, the The Paper Money Craze of 1786, will prove agreeable reading; while for the novel reader there are the installments of Bishop's Golden Justice, of Miss Murfree's In the Clouds, and, last but not least, of Henry James's powerful story, The Princess Casamassima.

CONGRESS YEAST POWDER

TRADE MARK.

The Standard of Purity and Excellence.

Endorsed for its Purity and Healthfulness by all Chemists and Physicians who have examined it.

"I have given this powder a thorough chemical examination and find it to be of full weight, entirely free from Alum, Ammonia, Lime and the Phosphates, and to be an absolutely pure bread-raising preparation every way to be recommended for wholesomeness and efficiency."

RICHARD O'NEAL STANLEY, A. M. Ph. D.
Professor Chemistry and Geology, Bates College
State Assayer of Maine from '75 to '83.

FOR SALE BY ALL GROCERS
mar10 nrmdly

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE BEST BAKING POWDER
IN THE WORLD

is Prof. Hosford's Bread Preparation, made by the only process that produces a baking powder of any nutritive value.

It supplies the nutritions and strength-giving phosphates required by the system.

Horsford's

requires less shortening than any other powder.
It is recommended by eminent physicians.
It contains no cream tartar, alum, or any adulteration whatever.
Every package warranted.
For sale by all dealers.
Cook Book free. Rumford Chemical Works, Providence, R. I.
jy8 Th&M&wnrmly

GREAT SPECIAL SALE OF
OVERCOATS
Carried Over from Last Season,
TO CONTINUE THROUGH SEPT. ONLY.

We have taken between 800 and 1000 OVERCOATS, ULSTERS and REEFERS, carried over from last winter and placed them on our counters at prices that are about bare cost to make, and many at prices that are MUCH LESS THAN COST. These are in Men's, Young Men's and Boys' and Children's sizes, and is a grand opportunity if one wants to save a little money to buy an Overcoat now. We do this merely to make way for the large stock of new goods coming in October 1st. Men's Winter Overcoats range in price from $4.00 to $20.00, and are from $3.00 to $8.00 under the lowest retail prices anywhere.

YOUNG MEN'S OVERCOATS from $3.00 to $20.00. Extra good bargain; $2.50 to $5.00 under price.

BOYS' OVERCOATS, ages 14 to 17 years, $5.00 to $15.00.

CHILDREN'S OVERCOATS, ages 4 to 11 years, $2.00 $10.00.

REEFERS for Men and Boys in same proportion.

250 Men's and Young Men's Fall or Medium Weight OVERCOATS at the lowest manufacturers' prices, for this month only.

BARGAINS in Men's FROCK and SACK SUITS in Fall and Winter Weights in all sizes.

Boys' and Children's School Suits.

School begins in Portland Monday, Sept. 13th, and we have made bountiful provision for ALL THE BOYS. Knee Pant Suits, Long Pant Suits, odd Knee Pants, Long Pants, &c., &c.

STRICTLY ONE PRICE.

Manufacturers and Retail Dealers,

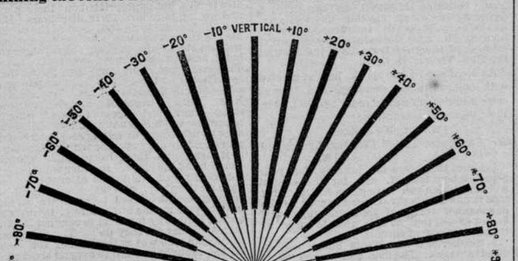
Boston & Portland Clothing Co.,

255 Middle St., Portland, Me.

W. C. WARE, - - Manager.
aug24 dtf

SPECTACLES. EYE GLASSES.

We have a large assortment and are prepared to adjust the same upon scientific principles. We use NACHET'S TRIAL CASE, together with the OPTHALMOSCOPIC TEST LENSE, combining the best methods known for detecting all optical defects of the eye and determining the lenses needed for their correction.



These lines should all appear equally black to a normal eye. Persons to whom the above lines so not appear equally black at five or ten feet, have a visual imperfection which commonly spectacles will not improve. They must have special lenses ground to correct the deformity of he corneas. Thid defect is called ASTIGMATISM.

Spectacles for 25 cents. Eye glasses for 25 cents.
" 50 " " " " " " "

ALSO A

FULL LINE OF GENUINE PEBBLES.

PEBBLE SPECTACLES for $1.50 each. PEBBLE EYE GLASSES for $1.50 each.
Always cool. Never become Scratched, and more durable than Glass.
A Large Variety of Gold Spectacles and Eye Glasses, best quality, at $4.00, $5.00 and $6.00 each

GEORGE C. FRYE,
Corner Congress and Franklin Streets.
aug6 eodtf

METAL SKYLIGHTS

And VENTILATORS, for Mills, Stores and Dwellings.
Galvanized Iron and Copper Cornices and Gutters. Metal Shingles. Sheet Metal Work for Buildings. Send for Illustrated Circular.
E. VAN NOORDEN & CO.,
383 Harrison Avenue - - BOSTON.
aug23 eod3m

You Will Buy Carriages Now
IF EVER.

Best Bargains in Fine Warranted Carriages Ever Offered.

READ EVERY WORD CAREFULLY!
THEN COME AND BUY!

Nos.	Desription.	Present Price.	Former Price.
996—	Extensive Top Cabriolet, very roomy, e.gant job	$210	$275
1035—	Extension Top Cabriolet, very light	175	225
1034—	Extension Top Surry, fine job, light	175	225
1074—	Canopy Top Surry, fine job, light	150	200
276—	Extension Top Surry	140	185
675—	Top Corning Buggy	125	165
872—	" " Timkin Springs	125	175
753—	Top Piano Box Buggy	125	175
321—	Open Corning Buggy	60	85
769—	" " "	80	100
875—	" " "	90	110
783—	Top Piano Box Buggy	45	75

The above Carriages are equal in every respect to any sold in this market at former prices given and will be warranted in every way. The manufacturers orders them sold at less than cost to build in order to close up their year's accounts.

We have also great bargains in other styles of Carriages, and are constantly securing orders to reduce stock. Now is the time to buy.

HORSE AND CARRIAGE MART,
Nos. 32 and 34 Plum Street.
aug27 dtf

TRADE PROCESSION
—AND—
COMMERCIAL DRUMMERS
ATTENTION!

Fine views made of the procession July 5th, and of the Drummers on their clam bake July 7th, for sale at the studio of

Hearn

PHOTOGRAPHER, 514 Congress Street
jly9 dtf

REMOVAL
A. ULMER,
CUTLER.

wishes to inform his patrons and the public that he has removed his place of business from **Federal St.** to the large and convenient store

NO. 11 MARKET SQUARE,

where he will be pleased to meet them.
sep1 d2w

MISCELLANEOUS.

Grand Special Announcement

for the consideration of the

Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont and Connecticut.

CHAMBER SETS

manufactured from all the popular woods,

ASH, PINE, CHERRY, OAK, MAHOGANY AND WALNUT.

The largest and best selected stock in the country. Every set warranted and freight prepaid to your depot. These sets are marked at prices for September sales, that have no parallel in the business. Write for cuts and description if you cannot come and see the line, and remember we prepay the freight to your depot, and sell you these sets for cash, or a quarter of the amount down and the balance by the week or month. Furnish your homes and enjoy home comforts while paying for them,

CARPET DEPARTMENT.

In this department we have some of the greatest bargains ever shown in New England. For instance, we are selling

Roxbury Tapestry, per yard	-	90 cents
Lowell Body Brussels, per yard	-	$1.25
Bigelow " "		1.25
Handsome Velvets, "		1.25
All Wool Ingrains, "		55 cents and up
All Wool 3-ply, - - -		1.00 and up

Oil Cloths, Rugs and Mats

at unheard of prices, and freight prepaid to your depot. Write for samples of these goods. Don't pay long prices when we can and will save your money every day in the week, and the largest stock and largest and lightest floor to show Carpets on in the country,

PARLOR FURNITURE.

In this department we wish every intending purchaser could just drop in and see our line and get our prices on Hair Cloth Suits, Silk Plush Suits, Mohair Plush Suits and all kinds of Parlor Suits, Easy Chairs and Rockers known to the trade. Any one who has seen our store knows that we cannot adequately represent the stock on paper. All we can say is this: We have Hair Cloth Sets at from $35 and up to $90; Silk Plush Parlor Sets all prices from $100 upwards, and Mohair Plush Sets from $47.50 up to $250; and unquestionably the largest assortment to select from in the State, and only exceeded in Boston by our Boston store. Don't spend your time and money travelling when you can be suited right here at a less price. We have no hesitation in saying that we can and do, do business 10 to 15 per cent. cheaper in Portland than can be done in Boston and New York; and we further say that we have unquestionably the best building for our business to be found in either of those cities. Write for cuts and descriptions. A quarter down and the balance by the week or month.

STOVES AND RANGES.

Never before have we exerted ourselves to please the public in the matter of heating Stoves as this year, and we believe we shall make the finest exhibit of these goods this Fall ever shown East of Boston. Our line will be full and complete in a few days, and will include the latest patterns of the

LOW ART TILE WORKS.

This is a special line of Franklin stoves never before shown in the country, and will be sold at from $40 to $265 each. We shall make a special exhibit of these goods Monday, and then we will call further attention to them. Our popular line of Parlor Stoves will range in price from $4.50, $8, $10, $12.50, $15, $18, $21, $25, $27, $30 and $35. We sold over 1200 of these Parlor Stoves last fall ane winter and we have yet to hear a complaint. Our price this year will be the same as last, notwithstanding the 15 per cent advance in the price. We are enabled to do this because we contracted for these goods last May, before the advance. In our Range department we are still selling at the old price, the

New Tariff, Quaker, First National, Groveland, New Byron Our Choice.

every range is warranted a baker. Write for cuts of stoves and ranges. We will sell them for cash or on our Special Contract System---one-fourth down, balance by the week or month, and the freight prepaid to your depot. Don't delay ordering.

DINING ROOM FURNITURE.
EVERY STYLE.

Forty styles of Sideboards; Shades and Drapery in endless variety; and more than a

$100,000 STOCK OF HOUSE FURNISHINGS TO SELECT FROM.

Lace and Drapery Curtain Department!

We are just marking our fall line of these goods and request every intending purchaser to look our line over. We have marked down to less than cost our entire old stock to close it out, and will just say that among the lot are Heavy Turcoman Curtains suitable for portieres for from $2.50, $3.00 and $4.00 each up to $10.00 and $15.00. These goods cannot be duplicated today at 25 per cent more than we are charging. Our new line of Imported Vienna Curtains comprises the handsomest shades and colorings we have ever seen, and we are marking them at starvation prices. Lace Curtains and Madras Curtains in endless variety. Don't forget our great sale of Scrim Curtains and Pole for $1.05. Write for samples. And to those who require the whole Curtain we will send full sample line in a small trunk for your inspection. We have added another type writer and operator to our Mail Order Department, and are better able than ever to execute orders promptly.

All inquiries through the mail will receive prompt and careful attention, and cuts and photographs of Furniture, Stoves and Ranges, and Samples of Carpets will be cheerfully sent on application. Open every evening. Electric lights on three floors. Address all communications to

B. A. ATKINSON & CO.,
Cor. Middle and Pearl Sts., Portland.

ISAAC C. ATKINSON, - - Manager.
sep6 dtf

FINANCIAL.

PORTLAND
TRUST COMPANY
First National Bank Building.

City, County and Railroad Bonds, and other First-Class Securities.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.
je10 eodtf

PULLEN, CROCKER & CO.,
Bankers and Brokers,
NO. 33 EXCHANGE STREET.
Members of the N. Y. Stock Exchange.
PRIVATE WIRE TO NEW YORK AND BOSTON.
INVESTMENT SECURITIES FOR SALE.
NEW YORK CORRESPONDENTS,
GREEN & BATEMAN.
BOSTON,
F. H. PRINCE & CO.
Quotations constantly displayed.
STANLEY T. PULLEN, FRANK C. CROCKER.
dec1 eodtf

ESTABLISHED 1854.
H. M. PAYSON & CO.
Bankers AND Brokers,
Investment Securitie Bought and Sold.
32 EXCHANGE ST.
jy28 eodtf

WOODBURY & MOULTON,
BANKERS
Cor. Middle and Exchange Street.

Choice Securities, suitable for Savings Banks and Trust Funds constantly on hand.
jan13 eodtf

SWAN & BARRETT,
Bankers and Brokers
186 MIDDLE STREET.
Dealers in Bonds and Stocks.
INVESTMENT SECURITIES
for Savings Banks and Trust Funds constantly on hand.
oct1 eodtf

BONDS!

Rockland	6s & 4s	Bath	6s & 4s
No. Pacific Gold	6s	Maine Central	7s & 5s
Anson	4s	P. & O. R. R.	6s

ARETAS SHURTLEFF,
No. 194 MIDDLE STREET, Portland.
January 1, 1884. jan1dtf

7 PER CENT BONDS GUARANTEED by the **Showalter Mortgage Co.** More than fifty Savings Banks in New Hampshire, Vermont and Rhode Island, also Insurance Companies, Societies and Individuals are investing in this class of securities. Call or address for illustrated pamphlet,
JOHN M. FREEMAN, Agent.
NO. 11 EXCHANGE ST., PORTLAND, ME.
mar6 dtf

POOR, WHITE & GREENOUGH,
Members of the N. Y. Stock Exchange and Proprietors of
POOR'S MANUAL OF RAILROADS.
Railway Bonds a specialty. Choice Investments always on hand. Orders executed for cash or on margin.
Interest allowed on deposits. Correspondenee invited.
ap6d6m **45 Wall Street, New York.**

J. B. BROWN & SONS,
BANKERS,
No. 218 Middle Street.

Sterling and Continental Exchange bought and sold at most favorable rates.

Travelling and Commercial Letters of Credit Issued, available in all the Principal Cities of Europe.

Investment Securities Bought and Sold.
jan31 eodtf

The Minnesota Loan and Trust Co.
Seven per cent. First Mortgage Coupon Bonds, and
THE AMERICAN INVESTMENT CO.
Six Per Cent Debenture Bonds,
— AND —
SEVEN PER CENT. GUARANTEED MORTGAGES,
— FOR SALE BY —
WILLIAM H. EMERY,
188 Middle Street, Portland, Me.
Paid in Capital Stock of each Company, $500,000.00.
mar12 eodtf

Assignee's Sale—In Insolvency.

Valuable and Desirable Real Estate in Portland for Sale,

THE three following dwelling houses and lots of land situated in the most desirable parts of the city for private residence, we hereby offer for immediate sale.

1—House and lot at No. 41 Pine street, near Brackett, now occupied by Warren F. Chase. The lot is about 29x80, 2 story house and L about 70x20, containing nine rooms, with good cement cellar, heated by steam.

2—House and lot at No. 33 Cushman street, now occupied by William H. Milliken. Lot about 60x95, two story house and L, containing nine rooms, well built, in good repair; a convenient and attractive house and very pleasantly situated.

3—The fine brick house at No. 342 Spring street, now occupied by John S. Wilson, with large lot 87½x227, adjoining the late T. C. Hersey's grounds; two story house with French roof and two story L, containg 15 rooms, thoroughly built and in excellent repair, and one of the best situations in town; large stable, well furnished with water, etc.; about 70 pear and fruit trees; small cold grapery.

Further particulars will be given on inquiry of the undersigned, assignee in insolvency of Wilson, Chase & Milliken, individually and as partners; and the property may be examined at any time.

JOSEPH W. SYMONDS, Assignee.
au21 dtf

CUSHMAN BROS. & CO.
84 Hawley St., Boston, Mass.
UPHOLSTERY GOODS,
Turcoman and Silk Curtains,
Window Shades, Curtain Fixtures,
AND
UPHOLSTERY HARDWARE.
WE MAKE THE ONLY
GENUINE KNAPP ROLLER,
and our Stop Roller is Standard.
☞ Ask your Dealer for them, take no other.
[WHOLESALE.]
ap21 eod1y

Ask your retailer for the **Original $3 Shoe.** Beware of Imitations. **None Genuine unless bearing this Stamp.**
JAMES MEANS' $3 SHOE.
Made in Button, Congress and Lace. *Best Calf Shoe. Unexcelled in Durability, Comfort and Appearance.* A postal card sent to us will bring you information how to get this Shoe in any State or Territory.
J. Means & Co.,
41 Lincoln St., Boston, Mass.

This shoe stands higher in the estimation of Wearers than any other in the world. Thousands who wear it will tell you the reason if you ask them.
aug16 eod&w3m33

COLUMBIA BICYCLES!

The best in the world. The "Expert," "Standard" and "Light Roadster." New improvements, and prices reduced. New machines this year, including a Ladies' Light Tricycle, and the Columbia "Safety" Bicycle.
C. H. LAMSON, 177 MIDDLE STREET
ap13 **Send for Catalogue, Free.** d&wtf

AMUSEMENTS.

PORTLAND THEATRE
ATTRACTION EXTRAORDINARY!
MONDAY and TUESDAY, SEPT. 13 and 14
**First

THE PRESS.

MONDAY MORNING, SEPT. 13.

WIT AND WISDOM.

Customer (to clerk in a hardware store)—Show me a small, low-priced shears.

Clerk (facetiously)—Perhaps you mean a pair of shears.

Customer (severely)—I mean precisely what I said.

Clerk (defiantly, opening a specimen)—Are there not two blades here? And don't two make a pair?

Customer (triumphantly)—You have two legs, does that make you a pair of men?

The shears were done up in profound silence.

If there ever was a specific for any one complaint, then Carter's Little Liver Pills are a specific for sick headache, and every woman should know this. One pill a dose.

A teacher in a West Virginia freedman's school was giving out some original examples to the class in mathematics, and among them was this:

"If a colored man receives $1 for a day's work, how many dollars will he receive for six days' work?"

One of the boys seemed very stupid over it, and finally the teacher said:

"Moses, how many are six times one?"

"What, does he work all the week?"

"Of course."

"Oh! Why I was figgerin' dat a circus or a barbecue might come 'long on Saturday!"

My friend, look here! you know how weak and nervous your wife is, and you know that Carter's Iron Pills will relieve her, now why not be fair and buy her a box?

A boy about 12 years old, barefooted, with a tuft of hair sticking out through a hole in his hat, was seen pegging stones into a pear tree and knocking down pears. A policeman worked his way in through the trees and jumped on the boy before he was seen.

"Aha! I've caught you at it," he said.

"Caught me at what?" said the boy.

"Stealin' pears."

"Stic—stealin' pears!" said the boy in great astonishment. "I hain't been stealin' no pears!"

"Hain't, eh? Then what are you doing with these here in your pockets?"

"Oh, these?" said he; "why I found 'em layin' round here on the ground, and I was frin' 'em back on the tree where they belong!"

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

"Here, James take these two cakes and give the smaller one to your little brother."

James examined the cakes carefully, appeared undecided, and finally took a heroic bite out of one of them, which he passed over to his brother with the remark:

"There, Tommy, I've made you a smaller one—they were both of a size."

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

PORTLAND WHOLESALE MARKET.

PORTLAND, Sept. 10, 1886.

The following are to-day's closing quotations of Grain, Provisions, &c.:

Flour.	**Grain.**
Superfine and low grades.3 25@3 50	High Mixed Corn.$4@55
X Spring and XX Spring..4 50@4 75	Corn, bag lots....55@57
Patent Spring Wheats....5 25@5 50	Meal, bag lots...5s@55
Mich. straight roller.....4 75@5 00	Oats, car lots....38@39
clear do....4 25@4 75	Oats, bag lots....40@42
stone ground.4 62@4 75	Cotton Seed, car lots..23 50@24 00
St. Louis st'gt roller.....5 00@5 25	do bag....24 00@25 00
clear do....4 75@5 00	Sack'd Br'n car lots..16 00@17 00
Winter Wheat Patents.....5 25@5 50	do bag....18 00@19 00
Fish.	Middlings, 18 00@21 00
Cod, ⅌ qtl. Large Shore2 75@3 00	do bag lots,19 00@22 00
Large Bank2 50@2 75	**Provisions.**
Small.....2 00@2 25	Pork—Backs...15 50@16 00
Pollock.....2 00@2 75	Clear....14 75@15 00
Haddock.....1 50@2 00	Mess....12 00@12 50
Hake.....1 25@1 75	Mess Beef. 7 50@8 00
Herring—Scaled ⅌ bx..14@20c	Ex Mess. 8 00@8 50
No 1.....13@16c	Plate.... 7 50@9 25
Mackerel ⅌ bbl—1886. Shore 1s.25|00@28|00	Ex Plate. 9 25@9 50
Shore 2s.15 00@17 00	**Lard—** Tubs ⅌ ⅌..7½@7¾c
Oil. Med. 3s.	Tierces....7½@7¾c
Small..... @	Pails.....8 @8¼c
Produce. Cranberries— Maine.....	**Hams ⅌ lb.....13@13½c**
Cape Cod.....	do covered..14@14½c
Pea Beans...1 75@1 85	Kerosene.
Medium....1 75@1 85	Port. Ref. Pet.....6½
German Mid.60@1 70	Water White.....8
Yellow Eyes.1 40@1 65	Pratt's Ast'l. Pbld. 12
Potatoes, bush..50@55	Devoe's Brilliant. 11¼
St Potatoes 2 00@2 75	Liquor Ptn.....8½
Onions 2 75@3 00	Silver White.....7½
Turkeys.....15@20	Centennial.....8½
Chickens.....17@21	**Tobacco.**
Fowls.....14@16	Muscatel.....2 25@3 00
Ducks..... @	Loudon Layr 2 50@2 87
Geese..... @	Undurlay.12 @12½
Apples. ⅌ bbl 1 00@1 75	Valencia.....7@9½
Sugar.	granulated ⅌ lb.....6⅝
Extra C.....5⅞	**Seeds.**
Red Top.....$2¼@$2⅜	Timothy Seed2 25@2 30
Clover.....11 @13c	**Cheese.**
Vermont.....11@11½	N.Y. factory11@11½
Sage.....11½@12	**Butter.**
Creamery ⅌ lb.....21@23	Gilt Edge Ver....20@22
Choice.....15@16	Good.....15@16
Store.....12@14	**Eggs.**
Eastern extras.....17@18	Can & Western.. 17
Island.....17	

DARBADOES. Barque McLeod—525 hhds 10 tcs sugar to Geo S Hunt & Co.

Railroad Receipts.

PORTLAND, Sept. 11, 1886.

Received by Maine Central Railroad—for Port and 35 cars miscellaneous merchandise; for connecting roads 130 cars miscellaneous merchandise.

Boston Stock Market.

[By Telegraph.]

The following quotations of stocks are received daily:

Atch., Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad.....	89⅝
Bell Telephone.....	193
Eastern Railroad.....	87½
Wisconsin Central.....	21⅞
New York and New England Railroad.....	*45¾
Marquette, Houghton and Ont. R., com.....	51
Boston Water Power Co.....	4⅝
Mexican Central 4s.....	38⅝
Boston Land Company.....	7½
Flint & Pere Marquette Railroad com.....	19
do pref.....	92½
Mexican Central 1s.....	41½
Calumet & Hecla.....	220½
C. B. & Q.....	*136½
Boston & Maine Railroad.....	202¾
Eastern Railroad 6s.....	125
Maine Central Railroad.....	126½
Portland, Saco & Portsmouth R.....	131⅝
Laconia Manuf. Co.....	445

*Ex-dividend.

New York Stock and Money Market.

[By Telegraph.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 11, 1886.—Money on call is easy, ranging from 5 to 6 per cent. Prime mercantile paper at 4@5 per cent. Exchange unchanged at 4 81¾@4 82 and 4 84½@4 84¾. Government bonds are dull. Railroad bonds are firm. The stock market closed very dull but firm at or near best prices of the day.

The transactions at the Stock Exchange aggregated 159,876 shares.

The following are to-day's quotations of Government securities:

United States bonds, 3s.....	100¼
New 4s, reg.....	125¼
New 4s, coup.....	126¼
New 4½s, reg.....	110¼
New 4½s, coup.....	110¼
Central Pacific 1sts.....	114½
Denver & R. Gr. 1sts.....	120
Erie 2ds.....	112
Kansas Pacific Consols.....	106⅞
Oregon Nav. 1sts.....	110½
Union Pacific 1sts.....	114¼
do Land Grants	
do Sinking Funds.....	

The following New York stock market is received daily, by private wire, by Pullen, Crocker & Co., No. 33 Exchange street, Portland, Me:

Adams Express.....	140
American Express.....	106
Central Pacific.....	44⅝
Chesapeake & Ohio.....	8
Chicago & Alton.....	141
Chicago & Alton preferred.....	160
Chicago, Burlington & Quincy.....	136¼
Del. & Hud. Canal.....	100¼
Del., Lack. & West.....	131⅛
Den & Rio Grande.....	30⅝
Erie.....	32½
Erie preferred.....	75
Illinois Central.....	134½
J. Bison. & Washington.....	6⅝
Lake Erie & West.....	88⅝
Lake Shore.....	70¾
Louisville & Nashville.....	45⅝
Manhattan Elevated.....	137⅝
Michigan Central.....	83⅝
Minn. & St. Louis.....	20⅛
do pref.....	44⅝
Missouri Pacific.....	112⅝
New Jersey Central.....	55⅝
Northern Pacific.....	28½
do pref.....	61
Northwestern.....	116⅝
Northwestern preferred.....	141⅝
New York Central.....	111⅝
New York, Chicago & St. Louis.....	9⅝
do pref.....	21⅞
Ohio Central.....	
Ohio & Miss.....	26⅛
Ont. & Western.....	19¼
Oregon Transcon.....	33⅝
Pacific Mail.....	57⅝
Panama.....	98
Pullman Palace.....	139
Reading.....	26⅛
Rock Island.....	126¾
St Louis & San Fran.....	29⅝
do pref.....	50¼
1st pref.....	113
St. Paul.....	106⅝
St. Paul preferred.....	123¼
St. Paul, Minn. & Man.....	114
St Paul & Omaha.....	49⅝
do pref.....	112⅝
Texas Pacific.....	14⅝
Union Pacific.....	57¼
U. S. Express.....	62
Wabash, St. Louis & Pacific.....	20⅝
do pref.....	37¼
Western Union Telegraph.....	67⅝
Alton & Terre Haute.....	
do pref.....	85
Boston Air Line.....	101
Burlington & Cedar Rapids.....	50
Canada Southern.....	47⅝
Canton.....	
E. Tenn.....	6
do pref.....	14⅝
Kansas & Texas.....	32⅝
Houston & Texas.....	35
Metropolitan El.....	80½
Richmond & Danville.....	140
Oregon Nav.....	106¾
Wells, Fargo Express.....	126
Mobile & Ohio.....	15¼
Central Iowa.....	18½
Fort Wayne.....	147½
Pacific 6s of '95.....	126⅞
Long Island.....	
Con. Coal.....	20
Morris & Essex.....	140

New York Mining Stocks.

[By Telegraph.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 11, 1886.—The following are closing quotations for mining stocks to-day:

Colorado Coal.....	28 50
Quicksilver.....	5 50
do preferred.....	23 50
Standard.....	1 12½
Homestake.....	18 50
Con. Cal. & Va.....	2 85
Ontario.....	25 00
North Belle Isle.....	2 05
Horn Silver.....	1 75
Iron Silver.....	2 00

California Mining Stocks.

[By Telegraph.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 11, 1886.—The following are closing official quotations of mining stocks to-day:

Hale & Norcross.....	1¼
Bodie Con.....	2⅜
Ophir.....	1⅜
Savage.....	2¼
Bulwer.....	1⅝
Con. Cal. & Va.....	2¾

Boston Produce Market.

BOSTON Sept. 11, 1886.—The following are today's quotations of Provisions, &c.:

Pork—Long cut 14 00@14 50; short cuts 14 25@14 75; backs 14 50@15 00; light backs at 13 50@14 00; lean ends 14 00@14 50; pork tongues at 13 00@$13 50; prime mess at $14 00@15 50; extra prime at 10 50@$11; mess, old, at 10 50; do new at 11 50@$12.

Lard—choice at 7½@7¾c ⅌ lb in tierces; 8@8¼c in 10-lb pails; 8½@8¾c in 5-lb pails; 8⅝@9c in 3-lb pails.

Hams at 12½@13c ⅌ lb, according to size and cure; smoked shoulders 8½@9c; pressed hams at 12½@13c.

Dressed hogs, city, at 7c ⅌ lb.

Butter—Western extra fresh made creamery at 23@23½c; some special marks higher; do extra firsts at 20@22c; do firsts at 18@19c; do imitation creamery, choice 14@15c; do good at 12@13c; do fresh factory, choice 12½@13c; do fair to good at 10@11½c; do common lots 9c; Northern creamery, extra, nominal at 24@24½c; do extra firsts 22@23c; Eastern creamery choice to extra at 22@24c; Vermont creamery extra at 24@25c; do dairy at 20c; do extra firsts at 17@18c. Jobbing prices 1@2c higher.

Cheese—Northern, choice to extra, 10¼@; sage at 11c; Western choice to extra at 9½@; lower grades according to quality; job lots ½c higher.

Eggs—Near by 20c; Eastern extra at 18½@19; Eastern firsts 16½@17c; N H and Vermont extra 18@18½c; New York extra 16½@17c; Western choice 15c; Michigan choice 16@16½c; Nova Scotia 16½@17. Jobbing price 1c higher.

Beans—Choice small N Y hand picked peal 65@1 70 ⅌ bush; choice New York large hand picked do 1 50@1 60; small Vermont hand picked pea at 1 75@1 80.

Hay—Choice prime at $18@$19; fair to good at $16 50@$17 50; Eastern fine $13@$15; poor to ordinary $12@$15; East swale $10@$11. Rye straw, choice, 15 00@15 50; oat straw $9@$10 ⅌ ton.

Potatoes—Extra Maine and New Brunswick ⅌ bbl 1 50@1 62½.

Print Cloth Market.

FALL RIVER, Sept. 11, 1886.—The print cloth market steadyand firm—Production for the week 175,000 pieces; deliveries 155,000 pieces; stock 50,000 pieces; sales 218,000 pieces; spot 35,000 pieces; futures 183,000; price—60x56stat 3c; 64x64s at 3⅜c.

Domestic Markets.

[By Telegraph.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 11, 1886.—Flour dull; sales 9,700 bbls; State at 2 15@4 50; Ohio at 2 65@4 75; Western at 2 15@5 00; Southern at 2 85@5 00.

Wheat ¼c lower; sales 1,472,000 bush No 2 Red for October at 87⅞@88¼c; 496,000 do November 89½@89⅞c; 824,000 do December 91@91⅝c; 96,000 bush do for May at 98@98¼c; receipts 117,400.

Corn lower; mixed Western spot at 50@51c; do futures at 50@50½c; sales 528,000 bush; receipts 51,000 bush.

Oats lower; State 34@37c; Western at 32@40c; sales 150,000 bush, including No 2 for Sept at 31¾c; October at 32⅛@32¼c; November 33⅛@33¼c; December 37c; receipts 107,300 bu.

Beef unchanged.

Pork firm. Lard stronger.

Butter firm; Western at 12@23½c; State at 16@24c.

Sugar steady. Molasses steady.

Petroleum firm. Tallow steady. Coffee firm. Freights dull. Spirits Turpentine steady. Rosin steady. Tallow quiet.

CHICAGO, Sept. 11, 1886.—The Flour market is steady; Southern Winter Wheat at 4 15@4 50; Wisconsin 3 90@4 15; Michigan do at 4 00@4 50; soft Spring Wheat 3 50@3 75; Minnesota bakers 3 50@4 10; patents 4 00@4 80; low grades 1 75@2 75; Rye flour 3 25@3 50. The market opened with prices generally lower on grain and higher on provisions. At the close, grain had still further declined, while pork and ribs were higher than the opening, with lard lower. October wheat puts closed at 76⅝@76¾; calls 77⅛c; curb 77⅛c bid. Oct corn puts closed at 40⅜c.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 11, 1886.—Flour is steady; XXX 2 30@2 40; family 2 55@2 65; choice 3 15@3 25; fancy 3 45@3 65; extra fancy 3 70@3 85; patents 4 00@4 40. Wheat weak; No 2 Red at 76c cash. Corn closed weak; No 2 Mixed at 37c. Oats firm; No 2 Mixed at 25⅝c.

DETROIT, Sept. 11, 1886.—Wheat—No 1 White 78½c; Mich Red 79c; No 2 Red 79c.

Havana Market.

[By Telegraph.]

HAVANA, Sept. 12.—Sugar—Owing to the firmness of buyers the market for sugar opened 3¼ at the close a better feeling was shown and in the last important sales were made.

Molasses sugar, regular to good polarization, at $1 50@1 75 gold per quintal.

Muscovado, fair to good refining, 85 to 90 degrees polarization, in hhds, bags and boxes, at 1 50@1 81¼.

Centrifugal sugar, 92 to 96 degrees polarization, at 2 25@2 56¼.

Stocks in the warehouses at Havana and Matanzas, 30,000 boxes, 511,000 bags and 9,200 hhds; receipts for the week, 500 boxes, 2400 bags and 1800 hhds; exports during the week, 789 boxes, 41,500 bags and 2500 hhds, of which 38,500 bags and 2400 hhds were to the United States.

Freights nominal; ⅌ hhd of sugar loading at Havana at 2 00@2 25 gold; ⅌ hhd of sugar from ports on the north coast (outside ports) for the United States at 2 25@2 50.

Exchange quiet but firm.

Spanish gold 2 28@2 28½.

European Markets.

[By Telegraph.]

LONDON, Sept. 11, 1886.—Consols 1 00 13-16.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 11, 1886.—Cotton market—firm; uplands at 5 3-16d; Orleans at 5¼d; sales 8,000 bales; speculation and export 1000 bales.

SAILING DAYS OF STEAMSHIPS.

FROM	FOR
Cephalonia.....Boston	.....Liverpool...Sept 16
Manhattan.....New York	..Hav&Vruz Sept 16
Rhenania.....New York	..Hamburg...Sept 16
Sarmatian.....Quebec	.....Liverpool...Sept 17
Caracas.....New York	..Laguayra...Sept 18
Saratoga.....New York	..Havana.....Sept 18
City of Chicago.....New York	..Liverpoo...Sept 18
Servia.....New York	..Liverpool...Sept 18
Ems.....New York	..Southam'n...Sept 18
Suevia.....New York	..Hamburg...Sept 18
Westernland.....New York	..Antwerp ...Sept 18
Edam.....New York	..Amsterdam.Sept 18
Nevada.....New York	..Liverpool...Sept 21
Gallia.....Boston	.....Liverpool...Sept 22
Republic.....New York	..Liverpool...Sept 23
Sardinian.....Quebec	.....Liverpool...Sept 23
Elder.....New York	..Bremen ....Sept 23
Vancouver.....Quebec	..Liverpool...Sept 30

MINIATURE ALMANAC.....SEPT. 13.			
Sun rises.....5 18	High water	.....	11 16
Sun sets.....5 50		.....	11 30
Length of day.....12 38	Height	.....	8 1-5 10
Moon rises.....		.....	8 1-8 10

MARINE NEWS.

PORT OF PORTLAND.

SATURDAY, Sept. 11.

Arrived.

Steamer Cumberland, Thompson, St John, NB, via Eastport for Boston.

Steamer Noanett, Joyce, Bay St Lawrence.

Barque McLeod, (Br) Fulton, Barbadoes—sugar to Geo S Hunt & Co. Vessel to Chase, Leavitt & Co.

Cleared.

Steamship Eleanora, Bragg, New York—J B Coyle.

Barque Jeanie Louttit, (Br) Hamon, Buenos Ayres—Frank Dudley.

Sch Falmouth, Clark, Norfolk—J S Winslow & Co.

Sch Robt G Dun, Crowell, Baltimore—J Nickerson & Son.

Sch Kate M Hilton, Johnson, Baltimore—W S Jordan & Co.

Sch Mattie J Alles, Crockett, New York—Portland Smelting Works.

Sch Annie D Price, Nightingale, Plymouth—N Blake.

Sch Life-boat, McDonald, Port Gilbert, NS—master.

Sch Francis Edwards, Brookings, Kennebec, to load for New York—J Nickerson & Son.

Sch Addie J, Wilson, Millbridge—N Blake.

Sch Morning Candidge, Bluehill—N Blake.

Sch Pierce, Dodge, Bangor—Paris Flouring Co.

Sch Sarah, Rice, Prospect Harbor—N Blake.

Sch Freeman, Torrey, South-West Harbor—N Blake.

Sch White Foam, Ford, Lamoine—N Blake.

SAILED—Barques Sarmiento, Carrie E Long, Jeanie Louttit; brig Henry B Cleaves; schs R G Dun, Bertha Warner, Falmouth, Kate M Hilton, Mattie J Alles, Pearl of Orr's Island.

Also sailed, schs Maggie Allen, Pearl Cooper, Addie Jordan, Nathan Lawrence, Nellie Star.

SUNDAY, Sept. 12.

Arrived.

Barque Jas Kitchen, (Br) McCully, Boston, to load for Buenos Ayres. To Ryan & Kelsey.

Brig Bessie Gracie, (Br) Lovegrove, Nova Scotia for Gen S E Merwin, from Baltimore—coal G T Ely Co.

Sch Etna, York, Boston.

Sch Willie Freeman, from Port Medway, NS—wood pulp to Bowdoin Paper Co.

Sch Alton, (Br) Odell, St John, NB—lumber to Mark F Emery.

Sch Geo H Davenport, Steele, Columbia Falls—wood to J H Blake.

Sch A T Haynes, Ford, Rockland—lime to L C Cummings & Co.

Sch Mary Wyman, Bunker, Gouldsboro.

Sch Allandale, Remick, Ellsworth.

Sch Sarah Franklin, Barter, Vinalhaven.

Sch Volant, Smith, Vinalhaven.

Sch Franklin Pierce, Holmes, Deer Isle.

Sch Frank Pierce, Bass Harbor for Boston.

Sch Stella Lee, Hamilton, Deer Isle for Boston.

Sch Andalia, Betts, Bangor for Providence.

FROM MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE.

Sld fm Gibraltar Sept 5, ship Kennebec, Ford, (from Liverpool) for Wilmington, Cal.

Ar at Liverpool 10th inst, ship Carondelet, Stetson, Manila.

Sld fm Queenstown 10th, ship Eureka, Davis, (from San Francisco) for Hull.

Ar at Rio Janeiro Aug 19th, ship Martha Cobb, Greenbank, Cardiff; barque Ronny Doon, Burgess, New York.

Sld fm Auckland, NZ, Aug 4th, barque Mary E Russell, Nichols, New York.

Ar at Bahia Aug 5, ship Wm H Connor, Pendleton, Cardiff.

Ar at Valparaiso 4th inst, ship St Cloud, Patten, Shanghae.

Memoranda.

Ship Kennebec, Ford, from Liverpool for Wilmington, Cal, which put into Gibraltar with rudder damaged, repaired without discharging and proceeded Sept 5.

Sch Lookout, of and from Calais for Philadelphia, which went ashore Aug 14 at Hereford Inlet, has been abandoned and will be a total wreck. Most of the cargo saved and taken to Philadelphia.

Fishermen.

Ar at Canso 8th, schs Alice C Fox, from North Bay for Portland; 9th, Edith Conley, do for do, or Gloucester.

Ar at Port Mulgrave 9th, schs Lucy Dyer, and G W Brown, North Bay for Portland.

Passed by 9th, schs Hattie Maud, from North Bay for Portland; Ambrose H Knight, do for Boothbay.

Domestic Ports.

SAN FRANCISCO—Ar 10th, ship Servia, Gilmore, San Francisco.

Sld 1st, barque C O Whitmore, Thompson, for Port Townsend.

Sld 3d inst, ship Wm G Davis, Gilkey, Havre; Barque Ferris S Thompson, for Nanaimo.

GALVESTON—Cld 10th, sch Warren Adams, Colcord, Pensacola.

MOBILE—Ar 10th, sch Annie B Hoffses, Hoffses, Galveston.

Sld 10th, sch Canton, for Cardenas.

JACKSONVILLE—Ar 10th, sch Ringdove, Marston, Rockland.

Cld 10th, sch Penobscot, Carter, New York.

BRUNSWICK—Ar 10th, sch Mary J Cook, Hahn, New Haven.

SAVANNAH—Sld 10th, sch L A Burnham, Harding, Boston.

BEAUFORT—Ar 10th, sch J M Thomas, Weeks, Baltimore, (mainsail split.)

CHARLESTON—Sld 10th, schs Edward Waite, Lee, Baltimore; Nellie T Morse, Baker, Darien.

GEORGETOWN, SC—Ar 9th, schs H A DeWitt from Charleston.

Sld 9th, sch Ruth Darling, for Curacoa.

WILMINGTON, NC—Cld 10th, sch Roger Moore, Gilkey, Barbadoes.

RICHMOND—Ar 10th, barque Henry Warner, Paine, Portland.

Ar 9th, sch Alfred Keen, Portland.

Sld 9th, sch Ella M Watts, Stevens, Boston.

BALTIMORE—Ar 9th, sch Albert W Fisk, White, Kennebec.

Cld 10th, ship Cyrus Wakefield, Morton, for San Francisco; schs Morris W Child, Torrey, Boston; Chas E Morrison, Smith, do.

Ar 9th, sch Geo Bird, Gray, Calais.

Sld 9th, schs Helen Montague, Emma F Hart, and Royal Arch.

PHILADELPHIA—Ar 10th, sch Augustus Hunt, Baker, Boston.

Cld 10th, schs Mary E Morse, Crocker, Gardiner; Norman, Smith, Boston; Luella A Snow, Dowe, Palatka.

Ar at Delaware Breakwater 9th, sch Nellie V Rokes, Thompson, Jacksonville for New York.

Sld 10th, sch Nellie F Sawyer, (from Port Spain) for Washington.

NEW YORK—Ar 10th, schs Wm B Herrick, Chase, Amboy for Portland; Ella Pressey, Nash, do for Portsmouth; Zelia, Hallowell, do for Salem; Dora M French, French, Boston; St Croix, Handy Bridgeport; Helen McLeod, Strout, do.

Ar 11th, schs Jas B Jordan, Martin, Pensacola; R D Spear, Farr, Port Royal.

Cld 10th, sch Thomas C Kennedy, Sproul, Vera Cruz.

Passed the Gate 10th, schs A P Emerson, and Joe Carlton, from New York for Boston; Georgietta, do for do; A Richardson, do for do; Lizzie M Kells, Hoboken for Camden.

PERTH AMBOY—Ar 9th, schs Peiro, Kelley; Sinbad, Emery; Zelia, Hallowell; Ella Pressey, Nash, and J H Eells, Greenlaw, New York.

NEW LONDON—Ar 10th, brig Hattie, Coombs, Jamaica.

Ar 11th, sch Charlotte T Sibley, Bartlett, Jacksonville.

PROVIDENCE—Sld 10th, schs Emma McAdam Young, Philadelphia; Andrew Peters, Warren, New York.

WARREN—Sld 9th, sch Harmona, Pendleton, New York.

DUTCH ISLAND HARBOR—Ar 10th, schs G W Collins, Stratton; Lizzie L Mills, Hammond, from Providence for New York; Emma McAdam, Young, do for Philadelphia; Herbert E Perkins, do for New York; Harmona, Pendleton, Warren for do; Corvo, Averill, fm New York for Boston; Trenton, Stanley, Hoboken for do; Ann Dennison, Hodgkins, Weehawken; Ellis P Rogers, Moore, and Hortensia, Sanborn, Hoboken; M E Eldridge, Kelley, do; Bilow, Wallace, Calais; Oceana, Moore, Orland; Ripley, Pressey, Rockport; C B Kennard, Freeman, Elliot.

Cld 11th, brig Mary Bartlett, Thompson, Hillsboro.

Sld 11th, sch Geo M Adams.

NEWPORT—Ar 10th, sch Enterprise, Robinson, Millbridge for Fall River.

DOVER—Ar 10th, sch Abbie S Walker, Dobbin, New York.

NEWBURYPORT—Ar 10th, schs Lugano, Clark Hoboken; Laura Robinson, Matthews, do.

PORTSMOUTH—Ar 10th, schs O V Minot, fm Machias for Boston; Chalcedony, Calais for do.

MILLBRIDGE—Ar 4th, sch Mabel, Strout, Portland.

Ar 7th, sch Wigwam, Driske, Portland.

BOOTHBAY—Ar 9th, schs Victory, Snow, from Camden for Portland; Arrival, Stewart, do for do.

Foreign Ports.

Ar at Valparaiso Aug 3, barque Vesuvius, Marshall, Boston.

Ar at Elmina, WCA, Aug 13, barque Nineveh, Crook, Boston.

Ar at Demarara Aug 9, barque Lillian, Wiley, Havana, (and sld 19th for Turks Island.)

Ar at Trinidad 24, sch Anita, Hewett, from New York via New Amsterdam, ar 16th.

Sld fm Caibarien 1st inst, sch Scotia, Shearer, Delaware Breakwater.

Ar at Havana 8th inst, barque Proteus, Peterson, Brunswick.

Cld at Hubbard's Cove, NS, 2d inst, sch Sarah Matanzas, 30,000 boxes, 511,000 bags and 9,200 hhds; receipts for the week, 500 boxes, 2400 bags and 1800 hhds; exports during the week, 789 boxes, 41,500 bags and 2500 hhds, of which 38,500 bags and 2400 hhds were to the United States.

Freights nominal; ⅌ hhd of sugar loading at Havana at 2 00@2 25 gold; ⅌ hhd of sugar from ports on the north coast (outside ports) for the United States at 2 25@2 50.

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Spanish gold 2 28@2 28½.

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MISCELLANEOUS.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and can not be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., N. Y. ju2d1y

JAMES PYLE'S PEARLINE

THE BEST THING KNOWN FOR WASHING AND BLEACHING

IN HARD OR SOFT, HOT OR COLD WATER.

SAVES LABOR, TIME and SOAP AMAZINGLY, and gives universal satisfaction. Any intelligent housekeeper, rich or poor should be without it.

Sold by all Grocers. BEWARE of imitations well designed to mislead. PEARLINE is the ONLY SAFE labor-saving compound, and always bears the above symbol, and name of JAMES PYLE, NEW YORK.

NEW LUNGS

Cannot be made by medicines, or the skill of physicians; but the old ones can be strengthened and preserved by the use of

Adamson's Botanic Balsam,

a sure cure for Coughs, Colds, Asthma, and all diseases of the lungs.

Price, 35 and 75 cents. Trial Bottles, 10 cents.

febb deod&weownrm1y6

DYSPEPSIA CAN NOW BE CURED

HERBOLINE

Is an infallable cure for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Sick Headache, Billiousness, and all diseases of the digestive organs. A permanent cure guaranteed in every case, even though doctors fail. Thousands have been restored to health and happiness by its use. Sold by first-class druggists everywhere.

Chief of Police Tompkins says:

NEW BEDFORD, MASS., Jan. 15, 1885.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

I am entirely recovered from Dyspepsia, so badly that it was impossible for me to keep anything on my stomach. I commenced taking Herboline about six months ago, and AND CAN SAY THAT I AM POSITIVELY CURED. Can recommend it to any one troubled with this complaint.

Respectfully yours, ISAAC B. TOMPKINS, Chief of Police.

Price, 50 cts. and $1.00. Mailed on receipt of price. Prepared by THE HERBOLINE CO., JAMAICA PLAIN, MASS.

H. H. HAY & SON, COR. FREE AND MIDDLE STS., Sole Agents for Portland, Me.

aug10 eod2m

Lactated Food FOR INFANTS AND INVALIDS

The Most Successful PREPARED FOOD FOR NEW-BORN INFANTS.

It may be used with confidence, when the mother is unable to nurse the child, as a safe and natural substitute for mother's milk.

The BEST FOOD to be used in connection with Partial Nursing.

No other food answers so perfectly in such cases. It causes no disturbance of digestion and will be relished by the child.

A SURE PREVENTIVE and CURE for CHOLERA INFANTUM.

By the use of this *predigested* and easily assimilated Food, fatal results in this dreaded disease can be surely prevented.

A Perfect Nutrient for INVALIDS in either Chronic or Acute Cases.

Hundreds of physicians testify to its great value. It will be retained when even lime water and milk is rejected by the stomach. In *dyspepsia*, and in all wasting diseases it has proved the most nutritious and palatable, and at the same time the most economical of Foods. For an infant may be made

150 MEALS for $1.00.

Sold by Druggists—25c., 50c., $1.00

☞ A valuable pamphlet entitled "Medical Opinions on the Nutrition of Infants and Invalids," sent free on application.

WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Burlington, Vt. d&w2mnrm jly20

DR. HAM'S Aromatic Invigorator.

SURE CURE FOR DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION, LIVER AND KIDNEY COMPLAINTS, NERVOUSNESS, HEARTBURN, WIND IN THE STOMACH OR PAINS IN THE BOWELS, HEADACHE, DROWSINESS, LOW SPIRITS, MELANCHOLY, AND DYSPEPTIC SYMPTOMS.

As a MEDICINE it is quick and effectual; curing the worst and most aggravated cases of Dyspepsia, Kidney Complaints, and all other derangements of the Stomach and Bowels.

It will instantly relieve the most melancholy and drooping spirits, and restore the weak, feeble, nervous, and sickly to health, strength, and vigor.

Nightly Dissipation.—Persons who, from dissipating, make one night, feel the evil effects of the poisonous liquors in violent headaches, Sickness at Stomach, Weakness, Giddiness, etc., will find that one dose will remove all bad feelings.

All Druggists. D. H. HAM & CO., 54 Broad Street, BOSTON, MASS.

eb7 W,S&M1y

WANTED The owner of a Mining Claim which has "Ore in Sight" valued at 147.23, assays from which give $100 to $250 per ton in Gold, ask for Capital to further develop the same and put it upon a paying basis by the erection of suitable machinery, &c. Will sell an equal one-half interest for $50,000. Only so much need to be placed in trust or otherwise secured to the purpose above mentioned. For full information, principals only address WM. H. SPONNER, Bristol, R. I.

FRAZER AXLE GREASE

BEST IN THE WORLD. ☞ Get the Genuine. Sold everywhere.

TO ADVERTISERS.—Lowest rates for advertising in 1000 good newspapers sent free. Address GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., 10 Spruce St., N. Y. sendeod&w1m

A Card to Invalids.

Drug remedies produce drug diseases, and add to the impurities, and obstructions, which cause the disease for which they are administered. Consequently, a patient's vitality is constantly diminished,—and acute diseases made chronic,—by their use.

The living system may receive its needed supply of strength, and health, from Nature's materia medica, which consists of Air, Light, Temperature, Electricity, Magnetism, Exercise, Rest, Food, Drink, Bathing, Sleep, Clothing, Passionate Influences, and Mechanical or Surgical Appliances.* Therefore it is unreasonable, and absurd, to attempt to restore health by administering poisons. I shall endeavor to give health to the sick, by means which preserve health in well persons.

S. J. PLUMMER, No. 49 Green St.

Office hours from 3 to 6 P. M. sep6lw*

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

DR. WILSON

can now be consulted at his NEW ROOMS, MECHANICS' BUILDING, Congress St., corner of Cusco.

No cure, no pay, only for medicine. Consultation and Examination free. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. aug28tf

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE partnership heretofore existing between LILLIEY & LITTLEFIELD, is dissolved by limitation. All debts and dues will be paid and collected by X. John Little. C. C. LILLIEY, X. JOHN LITTLE.

I shall continue the Dry Goods business at the stand, No. 516 Congress street, under the style of X. JOHN LITTLE & CO. August 24th, 1886. aug25tf

LADIES, Enamel your Gaiters twice a year, tops once a week and you have the finest-polished stove in the world. For sale by all Grocers and Stove Dealers.

H. H. RICKER, Wholesale Agent, Portland. au16 MW&S13w

PROF. CHS. LUDWIG VON SEEGER,

*Professor of Medicine at the Royal University; Knight of the Royal Austrian Order of the Iron Crown; Knight Commander of the Royal Spanish Order of

THE PRESS.

MONDAY MORNING, SEPT. 13.

PORTLAND AND VICINITY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS TO-DAY.

AMUSEMENTS.
Stockbridge Course—Season of 1886-87.
NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.
Blankets—X. John Little & Co.
Found—A Purse.
Valuable Presents—Morrison & Co.
Wanted—Tenement.
School Books—Loring, Short & Harmon.
Lost—Pocket Book.
Waterproof School Bags—W. E Plummer.
Harpswell Steamboat Co.
School Slates, Bags, &c.—Chas. Day.
Wanted—The People.
Seeley's Selected Delaware Grapes.
Wanted—Man.
Cloak Making—Rines Brothers.
Star Line Steamboat Co.
Complete and Satisfactory Returns—Burleigh.
School of Expression.
AUCTION SALES.
Special Sale—Furniture, Piano, &c.
Pianos by Auction.

Advice to Mothers.—MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once; it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes as "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle.
jan16 SM&W&w1y

From "The St. John Daily News," March 23, 1878.

"Few remedies have acquired so much fame, and grown so universally popular in the cure of coughs and colds, and all affections of the throat and lungs as Adamson's Botanic Cough Balsam. Many persons in this city have no hesitation in recommending it to the suffering."
sep13 MW&S&w

A. B. C. Cransten, floor walker for Stern Brothers, 32 West Twenty-third street, New York, together with his wife, was troubled with malaria for upwards of two years. They were both entirely cured by taking one or two Brandreth's Pills every night for three months, without interfering with their labor or household duties.
sept 13 eod&w1w

Mrs. Chas. Smith of Jimes, Ohio, writes: I have used every remedy for Sick Headache I could hear of for the past fifteen years, but Carter's Little Liver Pills did me more good than all the rest.

HARPER'S BAZAR.—This beautiful weekly publication is a welcome visitor to the parlor circle. The number for the ensuing week has been received by N. G. Fessenden, 484 Congress street.

VOTE EARLY.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT.

BEFORE JUDGE WEBB.
(Reported for the PRESS.)
BATH, Sept. 9.

The Grand Jury came in today noon and reported the following indictments and upon which action was taken:

James Campbell of Aroostook, who, not answering to the charge, default was entered.

John E. Hoyt, not answering, his default was declared, as also was Corbin H. Smith, his surety.

Thomas Hughes not appearing, was defaulted, as was likewise his surety.

On motion of the District Attorney the process of *scire facias* in the two last named was ordered by the Court.

In the case of Armanda Bedott of Houlton, who is indicted for selling liquor without United States license, the defendant, on being arraigned, pleaded not guilty, and Wednesday of next week was assigned for her trial.

Ex-U. S. District Attorney Lunt of Portland, was present in court today.

This afternoon Court adjourned to Wednesday morning of the coming week.

MUNICIPAL COURT.

BEFORE JUDGE GOULD.

SATURDAY—James Welch, Michael Farrell and Martin Carey, Jr. Intoxication; each 10 days in county jail.

Mary Ivers. Intoxication, 2d offence; sixty days in city house of correction.

Harriet Douglass. Common drunkard; fifteen days in county jail.

AND THE LABORING, AND LOWER CLASSES; THOSE PEOPLE WHO LABOR FOR THEIR BREAD.—*WILLIAM H. CLIFFORD AT NORTH BERWICK.*

BRIEF JOTTINGS.

There were 31 arrests made by the police last week of which 16 were for drunkenness.

Chandler's band gave a fine concert at Greenwood Garden yesterday.

The Bar Harbor business of the Maine Central railroad increased over 40 per cent. in August over the corresponding month of last year.

Mr. H. W. Ripley will give one-half the proceeds of one hundred copies of his History of the White Mountains for the Charleston sufferers. The book may be obtained at Brown, Thurston & Co.'s, 97½ Exchange St.

Fourteen arrested at entrance to J. F. Moses blacksmith shop on Plum street Friday night, but accomplished no more than the wrecking of a desk and scattering the papers all over the establishment.

The foreign exports for the week amounted to only $17,164. The exports consisted of lumber, consigned to Montevideo and Buenos Ayres. Imports for the week were 831 bales of rags, 35,000 feet of lumber, 17 cords shingle bolts and 9,177 railroad ties.

The Harpswell Steamboat Company change their time table today. The 10.20 a. m. and 2 and 6.05 p. m. trips from Portland will be discontinued. The 9.30 a. m. and 5 p. m. trips will be run as usual through to Orrs Island.

The trustees of the Chicago University have resolved to terminate the corporate existence of that institution, as the claim of the Union Mutual Life Insurance Company of Maine, amounting to $300,000, cannot be raised.

Before the winter several improvements are contemplated in St. Paul's church. A new furnace is to be put in and the system of ventilation is to be improved. If practicable the walls and ceiling will be replastered and tinted, and a new carpet will replace the present one.

Internal Revenue Collector Redman will remove his office from this city to Ellsworth about the middle of this week. He is now sending the books there. W. A. Cromwell, who has just been appointed deputy collector, will assume the duties of his office at once.

Peaks Island was brilliantly illuminated Saturday night to celebrate the closing of the season. Wright's band headed a procession which passed among the illuminated cottages at the first of the evening, and afterwards the Wilkinson Opera Company gave a final performance in the Greenwood Garden Opera House to a large audience.

G. M. Stanwood & Co., have recently shipped to Bagnall & Loud, Boston, a block machine weighing five tons. The dies for this machine, made by this firm, weighed 13,000 pounds. This firm have lately received an order from Austria for a set of Russell pumps and pipe for the same. Edward Fletcher was the inventor of the machine.

Mr. Chas. J. Walker was driving on Oxford street Friday afternoon when his horse became uncontrollable and upset the corner of Wilmot street, and wheeling, overturned the team. Mr. Walker struck his head on the curbstone and sustained several painful bruises. He was able to attend to his business as usual on Saturday.

AND THE LABORING, AND LOWER CLASSES; THOSE PEOPLE WHO LABOR FOR THEIR BREAD.—*WILLIAM H. CLIFFORD AT NORTH BERWICK.*

Star Line Steamers.

The fall time table of this line will be found in another column this morning. It will be a great gratification to the patrons of this excellent line to know that though the rush of travel is over to the islands, there is still excellent facility left for visits during the beautiful days of autumn. The Cadet is a universal favorite and will no doubt receive a generous patronage from those whose business or pleasure calls them to the islands.

SEE THAT THOMAS B. REED IS RETURNED BY A ROUSING MAJORITY.

The Death Rate.

The whole number of deaths in the city for st week was 14, from the following auses:

Diseases.	Wards 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	Total.
Bright's disease	--	--	--	1	--	--	--	1
Cholera Infantum	2	--	--	1	1	--	--	4
Congestion	--	1	--	--	--	--	--	1
Consumption	--	--	1	--	--	--	--	1
Heart	--	--	--	--	--	1	--	1
Infantile	--	--	--	--	1	--	--	1
Old age	--	1	--	--	--	--	--	1
Paralysis	--	1	1	--	1	--	1	4
Total	2	3	2	1	4	1	1	14

THE REPUBLICAN TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,
JOSEPH R. BODWELL.

For Representative to Congress,
THOMAS B. REED.

For Senators,
GEORGE P. WESCOTT,
DAVID H. COLE,
JOSEPH DUNNELL,
JOHN C. KENDALL.

For County Attorney,
GEORGE M. SEIDERS.

For Sheriff,
ISAIAH S. WEBB.

For Clerk of Courts,
BENJAMIN C. STONE.

For County Treasurer,
JAMES M. WEBB.

For Register of Deeds,
STORER S. KNIGHT.

For County Commissioners,
JOSEPH B. HAMMOND,
JAMES H. TOLMAN.

For Representatives to the Legislature,
FRED N. DOW,
HORACE H. SHAW,
JAMES F. HAWKES,
JOHN H. FOGG,
WILLIAM H. LOONEY.

FIRE AT MORRILL'S CORNER.

Martin Best Loses Two Houses and a Stable.

Mr. Martin Best, proprietor of the provision market on Free street, resides at Morrill's Corner, Deering, as does his bookkeeper, Mr. Thomas Malone. Their houses are at the head of Richardson street, a short street running parallel with Central Avenue to Evergreen Cemetery. Mr. Best owned both houses and a stable. Shortly before twelve o'clock yesterday Mr. Best's house was discovered to be on fire by the neighbors, all the people living in both dwellings being away on a visit for the day. The origin of the fire is unknown, but supposed to be from a defect in the chimney, the flames being first seen on the roof near the chimney.

Quickly as possible the hand engine Niagara was procured from Woodford's, and a stream got on from a Sebago hydrant upwards of 600 feet distant. Meantime all worked with a right good will in removing the furniture from the two houses, and it was nearly all saved with but slight damage. A steamer was sent from this city and Machigonne No. 1 arrived about one o'clock. Fortunately the wind was in a favorable direction as concerned neighboring buildings, and, with plenty of water, the Niagara had the fire under control before the arrival of Machigonne. The fire had spread to the hedge and dry grass of the cemetery but the steamer quickly subdued that and also what was left of the flames on the two houses and stable. The structures were all levelled to the ground and the loss on buildings was total. Mr. Best's house was a neat story-and-a-half dwelling, and that occupied by Malone of similar size. The stable was a good one. The loss on buildings was estimated at $4500, upon which there was insurance to the amount of $2200.

A VOTE FOR SAWYER IS A VOTE TO NULLIFY THE PROHIBITORY LAW.

PERSONAL.

Mr. and Mrs. James P. Baxter have arrived home from their European tour.

Payson Tucker and a party of friends are at the Kineo House, Moosehead Lake.

Rev. D. W. LeLacheur of Portland, addressed an enthusiastic meeting in Clark's Hall, Caribou, Thursday evening last, showing that the Republican party of Maine is a temperance and prohibitory party, and that there is no need of a Third Party to enforce the liquor laws. It was a most telling speech throughout, and was received with great enthusiasm.

G. H. Bartlett and wife, F. P. Russell and wife, Silas Harris, Wm. Binder, Boston; Jos. Offenheimer, W. Lindenmeyer, New York; R. R. Perry, Washington; C. A. Rogers, Lynn; L. H. Barker, Baltimore; R. A. Barlow, Detroit; J. K. Armsby and wife, Chicago; J. C. Wyman and wife, Philadelphia; A. K. Paul, Norway; W. B. Howard and wife, Tennessee; A. S. Hosmer, England; Wm. McKinley, Canton, Ont.; H. W. Plummer, T. H. C. Reynolds, Bangor; were among the guests at the Falmouth Hotel last night.

AND THE LABORING, AND LOWER CLASSES; THOSE PEOPLE WHO LABOR FOR THEIR BREAD.—*WILLIAM H. CLIFFORD, AT NORTH BERWICK.*

School Committee.

A special meeting of the School Board was held Saturday morning, for the purpose of examining such teachers as do not already hold certificates. The members of the Board, except the Mayor, were all present. Col. Merrill was chosen chairman protem.

On nomination of Col. Merrill, Miss Minnie S. Berry was appointed a member of the practice shool in place of Miss Decelle, who has resigned.

A letter from Miss Nellie A. Rogers, a graduate of the Female College at Kent's Hill, applying for a position, was read and ordered on file.

On motion of Mr. Holden, it was voted that the matter of supplying a substitute for Miss Warren in the High School be referred to Col. Merrill, chairman of the committee on that school.

Dr. Crandall, chairman of the examining committee, reported in favor of granting a certificate of High School grade to Levi Turner, A. B., and Frederick A. Carpenter, recently elected assistants in the High School, who have just been before that committee for examination.

CAREFULLY EXAMINE YOUR TICKET BEFORE THROWING IT.

City Vote in 1884.

The following is the vote of Portland for Governor and Congressman two years ago.

GOVERNOR.

	Robie.	Redman.	Scat.
Ward 1	561	515	25
" 2	391	553	15
" 3	640	420	19
" 4	542	667	6
" 5	592	422	15
" 6	541	382	6
" 7	711	820	9
	3,978	3,279	95
Robie's Plurality	699		

CONGRESSMAN.

	Reed.	Cleaves.	Scat.
Ward 1	535	551	17
" 2	383	572	6
" 3	628	439	13
" 4	522	694	6
" 7	649	385	4
	3,822	3,491	56
Reed's Plurality	331		

AND THE LABORING, AND LOWER CLASSES; THOSE PEOPLE WHO LABOR FOR THEIR BREAD.—*WILLIAM H. CLIFFORD, AT NORTH BERWICK.*

The Canadian Express Company.

PORTLAND, Sept. 11, 1886.

To the Editor of the Press:

The item in this morning's issue of your paper stating that the Canadian Express Company had been absorbed by the American Express Company is not correct. The Canadian Express Company lines extend from Portland to Detroit, Mich., over the Grand Trunk and other railways of Canada tributary to the Grand Trunk and is the most direct route from Portland to all points in the provinces of Quebec and Ontario.

JAS. E. PRINDLE, Agent.

VOTING THE THIRD PARTY TICKET IS VOTING IN THE AIR.

Democratic Rally.

The Democratic rally in Deering Park Saturday night was well attended, the bright moonlight and warm weather, making the oaks a pleasant place to visit. Music was furnished by Merriman's band. Mr. C. H. Chase called the meeting to order, and introduced Judge Cleaves as the presiding officer. Speeches were made by Judge Cleaves, Hon. John S. Holmes of Boston, and Col. A. W. Bradbury.

AND THE LABORING, AND LOWER CLASSES; THOSE PEOPLE WHO LABOR FOR THEIR BREAD.—*WILLIAM H. CLIFFORD, AT NORTH BERWICK.*

[CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.]

The result of the uniting of capital and labor is profit, and the question is what is a fair share for each? How can you find out? Only by discussions between those who furnish the labor and those who furnish the capital, and if each has a thorough knowledge of the others' business and the others' wants, they will reach some fair conclusion in regard to it. But the conclusion you reach today is not the conclusion that will do for tomorrow. Sometimes business is prosperous, and sometimes it is not, and the question is of a division of large profits today and of small profits tomorrow, and there has got to be perpetual discussion, each thoroughly understanding the other, and when they do that, the result has got to be fairly just.

Now, if men combine, and can manage to get fair justice done better that way, if they have the approval of the community, they will work out their own salvation. But these questions are questions that are settled, for the most part, outside of legislation. Whenever the community becomes satisfied that a piece of legislation, like the ten hour law, ought to be enacted, it is just as sure to be enacted as you and I are to live. We are all governed by law, and we have all got to be satisfied with the reasons for new things; we have got to discuss those matters, and when the community discuss them and understand them, don't you believe they will act reasonably? I think they always do. Let me give you an illustration of the laws of nature, which I claim are superior to any laws of Congress. In looking at the annual report of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railroad the other day, in a newspaper, I found these astonishing results. Twenty years ago, the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railroad got for every ton of freight that it carried a mile the sum of 4 11-100 cents; in 1875, ten years ago, it only got 2 10-100 cents; last year it only got 1 28-100 cents. For twenty years, then, steadily, the price of freight was being reduced from 4 11-100 cents to 1 28-100 cents, all of which is for the benefit of the community, for if a farmer can transport his grain cheaper, he can afford to take a less price for it, and you and I get the benefit of it, and he can afford to add something to his own profits beside. Do you suppose this railroad would not rather carry the freight at 4 11-100 cents per ton per mile? I am sure it would. Why doesn't it? Because it cannot help itself: because the law of competition has forced it down, and will go on forcing it down, a result beneficial to the people. Why, it has cost less the past year, almost, to transport a barrel of flour from Chicago than the cost of trucking it from the depot to your house, a thousand miles of railroading against one mile of carting.

Another instance: I was standing one day by a Michigan railroad, and the manager of the road said to me, "Do you see that rail there?" I said, "Yes." Said he, "That has been there six years, and that is the hardest place upon the road; that is a steel rail, and when we used iron rails we used to place a new one there every six months. This one has been there six years, and it looks like a new one now, and we are going to have upon our railroad steel rails throughout." Said I, "You ought to save a lot of money." Said he, "We can do our business for 50 per cent. less. That is, we take a dollar, and with 50 cents we will pay our expenses and the other 50 cents will go to our stockholders. It now costs us 70 per cent. for expenses." Said I, "That is good luck for stockholders, is it not?" said he, "yes; we will give them some more dividends." Did they? Why no; the next railroad alongside put in steel rails, too, and the manager of that road said, "now we are making 50 per cent. and if we take off 5 per cent. we will get more business from the other road," but the other road said, "we are making 50 per cent. and we will take off 10 per cent." and then the other took off 15 per cent., and the first one took off 20 per cent. and that left them just where they were before, with only 30 per cent. of their earnings left to go to their stockholders and their bondholders. What became of the 20 per cent.? Was it lost? No. It all went for the benefit of the people. It lowered freights instead of raising dividends.

There can be no invention, there can be no improvement made that will not in a short time have to be disposed among the people. I say that is a law greater than any law Congress can enact. It is a law of God, eternal, immutable, made for the benefit of his creatures. (Applause.) It is a practical communism which outvalues all the communism of the theorist.

I have only a few more words to say. This is the last meeting we shall have before the election. I will not venture to say to you what my hopes or my anticipations are. I only desire to return thanks to my fellow-citizens for the favors they have shown me in the past, for the thorough support which they have always given me in my native city. As to the rest of ticket I believe that it deserves and that it will have your support. (Great applause.) I believe you will stand united upon it all; that you will give it your strength, and I believe that when we get through you will find all the men upon it elected to the offices for which they have been nominated. (Applause.) Now to that end you must address efforts which will be more powerful than mine, for, after all, where is this country governed? In Washington? I have never thought so since I have been there. This country is governed right here; it is governed in proportion to his size and capacity and sense, by every man in this audience. You have, therefore, duties to perform. Occupying the position of governor of this country, what do you owe to it? You owe good sound sense. You owe a careful examination of the facts; you owe an honest vote, in accordance with your conscientious belief. There is no occasion to turn back to the prejudices of the last twenty-five years. New events have come upon us; a new era has dawned, and we should readjust ourselves to them, we should make our votes express our satisfaction, or dissatisfaction, with the way in which he have been governed for the past two years. (Applause.) That is the plain and simple problem.

Now, I have no long or eloquent sentences with which to close. I have given you, so far as I have been able, a fair, candid statement of facts, upon which your judgment must be based, and the matter now rests with you. (Great applause.)

BE SURE AND SEE THAT ALL THE REPUBLICAN CANDIDATES FOR REPRESENTATIVES ARE RETURNED.

AMUSEMENTS.

MLLE. RHEA.

Tonight Mlle. Rhea, the famous French actress, appears at Portland Theatre, and a large and brilliant audience is already assured for her. There has been a great demand for seats, but there are still good places to be procured. In the character of Helene in "A Dangerous Game," Mlle. Rhea has won words of praise from the critics and the admiration of the public wherever she has appeared. Mr. Forrest and the supporting company are excellent. "A Dangerous Game" will be presented this evening and "Frou-Frou" tomorrow.

Mlle. Rhea arrived in Portland on Saturday night's Pullman from the east and, with her manager, Mr. Owen Ferrie, Mr. Arthur Forrest, the leading man, and other principal members of her company, is at the Preble House.

THE OPERA AT CITY HALL.

This evening, the Wilkinson Opera Company, which has been so deservedly popular at Greenwood Garden, opens at City Hall under the management of Capt. C. H. Knowlton. Every evening this week and on Wednesday and Saturday afternoons they will sing popular operas. The rates of admission are low and the performances should be well patronized. The Pirates of Penzance will be the attraction on this and tomorrow evenings. Tonight the election returns will be read from the stage.

THE STOCKBRIDGE COURSE.

The sale of seats in the Stockbridge course opened lively Saturday, and was conducted by auction, the highest bidders getting first choice, but being limited to six tickets each. When the bidding in City Hall ended, seats were selected at Stockbridge's music store, and the board is thickly pegged, though desirable seats are still obtainable. The course consists of twenty entertainments, and is very attractive. The Ideal Opera Company open the course Wednesday evening (Oct. 6) played on the evenings of Oct. 7th, 8th and 9th, and Saturday matinee, and the sale of seats for these dates begins next Saturday. Mr. Stockbridge estimates that Saturday's sales amounted to $3,500.

AND THE LABORING, AND LOWER CLASSES; THOSE PEOPLE WHO LABOR FOR THEIR BREAD.—*WILLIAM H. CLIFFORD, AT NORTH BERWICK.*

The Charleston Fund.

Mayor Chapman acknowledges the following subscriptions to the fund for the relief of the sufferers in Charleston:

Previously acknowledged	$137.00
Mrs. Helen A. Gilman	20.00
Cash	5.00
Sunday Times	15.00
Total	$177.00

AND THE LABORING, AND LOWER CLASSES; THOSE PEOPLE WHO LABOR FOR THEIR BREAD.—*WILLIAM H. CLIFFORD, AT NORTH BERWICK.*

Reed and Clifford.

(Boston Advertiser.)

Mr. Reed, of course, has had to work. He never has had a walkover; but he always pulls through, and no doubt he will now. Mr. Clifford, the Democratic candidate against him, is one of the most exclusive of the Maine bluebloods, and has about as much sympathy with the laboring men, whom he has been industriously patronizing since his nomination, as a thoroughbred has with a cart horse. He has made awkward work in his effort to talk down to what he considers the level of workingmen, and they will consent with right good will to allow him to continue in the lucrative practice of patent law. Mr. Reed was not born in the purple, and has won his enviable position by home and in the national councils by honorable labors and conquering talent.

A DISMAL FAILURE.

The "Rising Young Statesman" Fails to Enthuse a Bridgton Audience.

BRIDGTON, Sept. 11.

Hon. Wm. Henry Clifford, the Democratic nominee for Congress, was widely advertised as the chief attraction at a "Grand Democratic Rally" at Town Hall, this afternoon. The affair came off as advertised and proved to be a dismal failure. Though the surrounding towns were represented, there were less than one hundred in the hall, including quite a number of Republicans, curious to hear what the Democratic orators have to say for themselves. There was a positive lack of enthusiasm. The young statesman, who really believes that he is to be allowed to rattle around in the seat in the next Congress, now occupied by the recognized leader of the Republican minority in the National House, appeared ill at ease and spoke to great disadvantage. He made a sorry attempt at the close of his speech to conciliate the labor element by an explanation of the North Berwick "lower classes" sentence but instead of helping the matter he simply strengthened the conviction on the part of the laboring men present that the speech was correctly reported. He said that the lying Republican newspapers had misrepresented him; that he was speaking of the "laboring classes" and they supposed that he meant "lower classes." But it was noticeable that he took great care not to deny the use of the language imputed to him. "And the Laboring and Lower Classes, those people who labor for their bread?"

The Democrats were so hungrined at the dismal failure of their meeting that they called upon McGillicuddy to come to the rescue, and he is announced to speak this evening.

AND THE LABORING, AND LOWER CLASSES; THOSE PEOPLE WHO LABOR FOR THEIR BREAD.—*WILLIAM H. CLIFFORD, AT NORTH BERWICK.*

BASE BALL.

The New England League.

PORTLANDS, 7; HAVERHILLS, 2.

In Saturday's game here the Haverhills put Conway in the box again, and he weakened considerably and was batted hard. Conway also pitched again, and was too much for the visitors. The Portlands played a fine game all around. Irwin played brilliantly. The attendance was about 2500. The score follows:

PORTLANDS.

	AB.	R.	IB.	TB.	PO.	A.	E.
Galligan, lf	4	2	1	1	1	0	0
Kearns, rf	4	1	2	5	3	0	0
Wheelock, ss	4	0	0	0	1	5	1
Hatfield, 3b	4	1	2	2	2	1	1
Sheffler, cf	3	1	1	1	2	0	1
O'Rourke, c	4	2	2	2	8	0	0
Shoeneck, 1b	4	0	1	2	10	0	1
Conway, p	4	0	1	1	0	4	1
Spence, 2b	4	0	0	0	2	5	0
Totals	35	7	10	14	27	15	5

HAVERHILLS.

	AB.	R.	IB.	TB.	PO.	A.	E.
Irwin, 3b	4	0	1	2	3	9	0
Slattery, lf., cf	4	1	1	1	0	2	0
Cooney, c	4	0	1	3	12	1	0
Foster, cf., lf	4	1	1	1	1	0	0
Munce, 1b	4	0	1	1	14	0	1
Murphy, rf., ss	3	0	1	1	1	2	2
Hawkes, 2b	4	0	1	1	2	2	0
Carl, ss, rf	4	0	0	0	0	2	1
Conley, p	3	0	0	0	0	5	3
Totals	34	2	6	7	24	21	8

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Portlands	4	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	x	—7
Haverhills	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—2

Earned runs—Portlands, 4; Haverhills, 2. Two base hits—Kearns, Shoeneck. Three base hit—Kearns. First base on balls—Portlands, 1; Haverhills, 1. First base on errors—Portlands, 4; Haverhills, 5. Wild pitches—Conway, 1; Conway, 1. Struck out—Portlands, 4; Haverhills, 3. Bases stolen—Wheelock, Hatfield, Foster. Double play—Wheelock, Spence and Shoeneck. Umpire—Lynch. Time of game—1h. 40m.

AT BOSTON.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
Boston Blues	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	1	—7
Brocktons	0	0	0	3	0	0	3	0	0	0	—6

Base hits—Blues, 11; Brocktons, 7. Errors—Blues, 6; Brocktons, 11.

AT LYNN.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Lynns	1	0	2	0	0	1	0	1	x	—5
Lawrences	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	—3

Base hits—Lynns, 9; Lawrences, 8. Errors—Lynns, 6; Lawrences, 4.

TIED FOR FIRST PLACE.

The Portlands and Haverhills are tied for first place in the New England League, and the contest from now to the end of the season promises to be exciting. The standing follows:

Clubs.	Haverhills	Portlands	Brocktons	Lynns	Lawrences	Bostons	Games Won.	Games Played.	Per Cent. Won.
Haverhills	..	8	11	11	10	13	53	87	.609
Portlands	11	..	9	12	12	9	53	87	.609
Brocktons	8	9	..	5	9	13	44	91	.484
Lynns	8	8	11	..	6	11	44	91	.484
Lawrences	5	4	9	11	..	9	38	84	.452
Bostons	2	5	7	8	9	..	31	86	.360
Games lost	34	34	47	47	46	55	..	..	..

Other Games Saturday.

At Chicago—Chicagos, 14; Detroits, 4. Base hits—Chicagos, 19; Detroits, 5. Errors—Chicagos, 3; Detroits, 8.

At Washington—Washingtons, 4; Philadelphias, 3. Base hits—Washingtons, 6; Philadelphias, 7. Errors—Washingtons, 6; Philadelphias, 3.

Notes.

Saturday at Waterville the Colby Freshmen's nine played the Sophomores and defeated them. Frank King of last year's Portland High School nine caught for the Freshmen.

Hatfield and Conway were made the recipients of bouquets by admiring friends at the conclusion of Saturday's game.

The Cascos defeated the Willards Saturday afternoon on the Cape grounds.

Sweeney, Chatterton and Phinney, late of the Belfasts, are playing with the Salems.

AND THE LABORING, AND LOWER CLASSES; THOSE PEOPLE WHO LABOR FOR THEIR BREAD.—*WILLIAM H. CLIFFORD, AT NORTH BERWICK.*

A Slander Refuted.

The following letter was sent to the Argus Saturday:

AUGUSTA, Sept. 11, 1886.

Hon. John M. Adams, Editor Argus, Portland, Me.:

My Dear Sir:—In a special despatch to the Daily Eastern Argus from this city, dated Sept. 10th, it is asserted that I issued a circular letter to the rum-sellers of this city during the present week, as follows:

AUGUSTA, Sept. 7, 1886.

My Dear Sir:—Will you please call at headquarters Wednesday evening, Sept. 8th, between 7 and 8 o'clock. We desire a consultation of some Republicans.

Yours, J. H. MANLEY.

This statement is an infamous falsehood, as every gentleman who was present at my office on that evening can testify. The circular letter was issued to such pronounced Republicans as: Hon. Chas. E. Nash, Orrin Williamson, A. C. Otis, George F. Hawes, P. C. Dolliver, Alden Sprague, George E. Macomber, George E. Weeks, S. S. Brooks, A. S. Bangs, E. C. Burleigh, J. S. Hobbs, A. G. Andrews, W. H. Bigelow, Ira H. Randall, J. Manchester Haynes and many others of like character and standing in the party. I trust you will do me the favor to publish this in full.

Very truly yours, J. H. MANLEY.

TEACH MR. CLIFFORD THAT DEMAGOGISM IS NOT A WINNING CARD.

Clifford Mots.

(Biddeford Times.)

Mr. Clifford has evidently been studying "English as she is spoke," for the purpose of getting his language down to the level of the LOWER CLASSES. We extract a few of his choicest mots:

He apostrophized Mr. Blaine as "YOU DEAR, DELICIOUS OLD HUMBUG!" and again, as a representative of the Republican party, "You dishonest old cuss; you've turned out to be a drunkard and a gambler."

Speaking of the tax the laboring man has to pay on commodities in consequence of the tariff, he inquired, "WHAT IN THUNDER do you care where it goes to so long as you have to pay it?"

Once he descended to the sacreligious. He accused the Republican party of appropriating hundreds of millions of money for a navy, "but where the money went," he said, "GOD ONLY KNOWS AND HE WON'T TELL."

Towards the end of his speech he evidently began to fear that he was not making himself sufficiently familiar, so he addressed his audience as "YOU FELLERS WHO WORK FOR A LIVIN'."

Perhaps the funniest things in his speech were his frequent references to Mr. Reed as "Reed, the aristocrat."

Lactart with water and sugar, or soda water, makes a delightfully refreshing and invigorating drink, and is a certain preventive of dyspepsia. Druggists and Grocers.

Dangerous Baking Powders.

Too much care cannot be used in the selection of a baking powder, where there are so many brands freely advertised that are deleterious to health. Some contain cream of tartar, the use of which is condemned by many, and of which the late Dr. Samuel Jackson, Professor of Medicine in the University of Pennsylvania, said: "It is not a nutritive principle, and often disagrees with the alimentary organs." The use of alum in Baking Powders has been severely criticised by eminent authority. There is one process for the manufacture of a baking powder that has received the hearty commendation of every scientist who has examined it. We refer to that of Prof. Horsford, by which the well-known Horsford's Bread Preparation is made. The only baking powder in the world which leaves nutritive qualities in the bread, biscuit, etc., is made by Prof. Horsford's process. This valuable quality is due to the presence of the nutritious and strength-giving phosphates contained in the product. The white and fine flour in ordinary use is deprived of a large portion of the phosphates of the wheat by the process of bolting. The value of the phosphate of lime to the human system is everywhere acknowledged by the highest scientific authorities. This substance is found in wheat and other cereals, and constitutes the vital or nutritive element therein. Indeed it is the essential and vitalizing constituent of all grains. If grains are deprived of their phosphates through the process of bolting, their life-sustaining properties are withdrawn in the same proportion. Prof. Doremus, of the Bellevue Medical College, N. Y., says: "Unless a phosphate form one of the ingredients of a baking powder, there is no residue left of nutritive value."

MARRIAGES.

In North Berwick, Aug. 30, Charles S. Libby and Miss Mira B. Ford, both of Sanford.

In Livermore Falls, Sept. 1, Jones Bonney and Miss Emma E. Gammon, both of Canton.

In Dixfield, Sept. 1, Chas. H. Adams and Mrs. Vesta A. Merrill, both of Rumford.

DEATHS

In this city, Sept. 11, Nellie, youngest child of Peter B. and Elizabeth Reed, aged 11 months.

In this city, Sept. 12, Charles P., youngest son of David and P. A. Quinn, aged 7 months, 15 days.

[Funeral this afternoon at 1.45, at No. 25 Hammond street.

In this city, Sept. 11, Franklin H., son of Albert H. and Mabel E. Polk, aged 3 weeks 2 days.

In this city, Sept. 12, Mrs. Susan P. Clark, aged 87 years, 7 months.

[Funeral service Tuesday, Sept. 14, at 2.30 o'clock p. m., at the residence of Chas. Henry Chase, 157 Pearl street. Burial private.

At Ferry Village, (Cape Elizabeth) Sept. 10th, Lewis Harvey, only child of Frank P. and Nellie Harrington, aged 8 months 26 days.

In Limington, Sept. 12, Sammy R., only child of Charles F. and Nellie M. Plaisted of Boston, aged 2 years 6 months. Boston papers copy.

In East Windham, Sept. 10, Caroline H. Hanscomb, aged 53 years 4 months.

In this city, Sept. 11, Charles P., youngest son of David and B. A. Quinn, aged 7 months 15 days.

In Cornish, Aug. 29, Dorcas Kennard, aged 86 years.

In Brunswick, Sept. 5, Almira L. Austin, aged 55 years.

Peculiar

In many important points, Hood's Sarsaparilla is different from any superior to other medicines.

Peculiar in combination, proportion and preparation of ingredients, Hood's Sarsaparilla possesses the full curative power of the best known remedies of the vegetable kingdom.

Peculiar in strength and economy—Hood's Sarsaparilla is the only medicine of which can truly be said, "100 doses one dollar." Medicines in larger and smaller bottles require larger doses, and do not produce as good results as

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Peculiar in its medicinal merit, Hood's Sarsaparilla accomplishes cures hitherto unknown, and has won for itself the title of "The greatest blood purifier ever discovered."

Peculiar in its "good name at home"—there is more of Hood's Sarsaparilla sold in Lowell, where it is made, than of all other blood purifiers.

Peculiar in its phenomenal record of sales abroad no other preparation has ever attained such popularity in so short a time. It really

Is a Peculiar Medicine

Peculiar in the confidence it gains among all classes of people, one bottle always sells another.

Peculiar in the originality and effectiveness of its advertising, its methods are continually being copied by competitors.

Do not be induced to buy other preparations. But be sure to get "the Peculiar Medicine,"

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists, $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar.
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CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK HEADACHE,

yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD ACHE

they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing compla